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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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State Librarian

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

Having levied on three barrels Whisky, and Still, Cap and Worm, of T. L. Rosser, for taxes the same will be sold at Fayetteville the 26th day of August, at 12 o'clock M.

F. M SIMMONS,
Collector 4th District.
By W. C. Troy, Deputy Collector.
August 5, 1897. tf

THE WHITE MAN'S PARTY.

Over and over, in the months preliminary to the campaign of 1894, and then again in those preliminary to the campaign of 1896, the OBSERVER urged that steps should be taken to draw back into the ranks of the Democratic party the better element of the Populists who claimed that they had been forced out of the party by one thing or another. It was, it seemed to us, a matter of *comparatively* small consequence whether their grievances were real or imaginary: without them, the whites were practically in the minority in North Carolina; with them, the whites could win as of yore.

In vain we plead with our brethren, but the anti-Vance element was then too strongly entrenched in control of the party organization, and we have reaped what we sowed—the present disgraceful state of affairs.

Again the opportunity is offered to us in the disintegration of the Populist party that is taking place. If we place the proper kind of men in charge of our party organizations, and draw the color line strictly, the bulk of the Populists will return to us. Otherwise, they will remain aloof, and our State will be negroized.

In line with our efforts in this direction is the statement made in Atlanta on Saturday last by Mr. Du Bignon, who led the gold faction of Georgia in the contest for the Senatorship against ex-Speaker Crisp, and which has caused such a sensation there because of its endorsement of the Chicago platform of '96. Said Mr. Du Bignon, in part:

"The Populist Party has had its day, and it is now undergoing the process of disintegration. I believe the Democratic Party should offer them every reasonable inducement to return. There should be no further division among the white men of Georgia and of the South, and there is no better common ground on which they can all unite than the Democratic platform."

THE SCHOOL TAX.

The voting on the school tax question takes place on Tuesday next. It is probable that not over 50 out of the 1,300 townships in the State will vote in favor of it.

Like almost every act of the late Cleveland McKinley fusion legislature, this one is a mixture of folly and fraud. For a time it looked as if it might receive a considerable vote. So great is the desire of the people to promote popular education that they were inclined to jump at anything that bore its label. But the appointment of negro committeemen in the Eastern counties aroused the people and set them to studying the general provisions of the act. The result, it would seem, has been fatal to it. The people want education, but not coupled with the conditions imposed in the pending measure.

The OBSERVER thought it was the first to sound the alarm for our Eastern counties, but our excellent contemporary, the Pender Star, says that it was. It is a matter of small consequence which deserves the credit. Each wrote without knowing that the other did, and the result of the movement has been salutary in an eminent degree.

THE BOSS'S INVASION OF THE COLLEGES.

We have had some examples here in the South recently of the new use of power, operating through the corrupter politicians, whereby it is sought to repress the teaching of the truth at our institutions of learning. The reader is also familiar with the notable case of the President of Brown University. The New York Journal cleverly pursues that incident to its logical conclusion, and says:

By all means let us be logical. The Mail and Express, defending the action of the corporation of Brown "University" in the Andrews case, very properly says that all of the twenty four professors who protested against that action, although personally untainted with the silver heresy, ought to be expelled along with the President. Now comes a correspondent of the Sun, and shows that Seth Low, notwithstanding his individual orthodoxy on the financial question, is guilty of encouraging "Bryanism" by embarrassing the Republican municipal campaign, and therefore ought to "be compelled to step down and out of the Presidency of Columbia University." Indubitably the point is well taken. If our colleges adopt the rule, "Put none but Republicans on guard," it is manifest that they must have some test of Republicanism that will exclude those who are not amenable to party discipline. Probably the best rule in New York would be to invite Mr. Quigg, at frequent intervals, to "purge" the payrolls of our educational institutions under the supervision of Mr. Platt.

Says an exchange: "There is nothing meaner than for a well to do solvent man, in these times, to defer the payment of an undisputed account when presented, especially where it is due for goods sold or services rendered by struggling business men, professional men or artisans. We have known men to do this, apparently out of pure cussedness, who were worth $100,000 and would be greatly astonished if they should be regarded as insolvent. Such a man must either be willing for his creditor to regard him as insolvent or as dishonest."

One of the noteworthy facts of the day is that we hear no special denunciations of Tom Watson and his Populist party from the Republicans and their goldbug "Democratic" allies. Is it really so that Tom was recognized by the McKinley-Clevelandites as their own true friend and ally? It was even hinted during the campaign that he was in their pay.

NO MORE STRADDLING.

Here is something from the Atlanta Constitution which we commend to the Cleveland contingent of the Democratic party in North Carolina:

"The democrats of Georgia in their next convention will not straddle anything, but will make an open, straight forward, bold and unequivocal indorsement of the national platform of the party—currency plank and all.

"Of course an effort will be made to induce a straddle, but it will end in failure. If there is a state in the union which is tired of the straddle business, it is Georgia; and the democratic party went through too hard a campaign last year to obtain an unequivocal declaration on the currency question to revert to the cowardly system of avoiding direct declaration on questions of principle, by giving utterance to mysterious statements which mean any thing, or nothing.

"The Maryland democracy is now engaged in an interesting State campaign. It will be remembered that last year the Maryland democratic State convention opposed the sentiment of the party which found expression in the overwhelming adoption of the currency plank of the national platform. This year the Maryland democracy 'notes with satisfaction that the demand of more than 6,500,000 democratic voters expressed at the polls last November has compelled President McKinley and a Republican congress to urge upon the European powers * * * * * an international conference to arrange for * * * * an international agreement for the use of both gold and silver as money of final redemption.'

"The declaration leans towards the national platform, but it avoids a frank indorsement.

"We wish the Maryland democracy well, and hope to see Mr. Gorman re-elected to the senate over his republican competitors; but the Maryland example will not be followed by Georgia, or any other State south of the Potomac river.

"The thing that commends itself most about the Maryland declaration is that it has received the bitter condemnation of The Baltimore Sun, The Louisville Courier Journal and other eminent newspaper exponents of the bolting contingent, which seem to think that its tone is too friendly to the regular democracy to be acceptable.

"The democracy of Georgia will stand pat on the national platform of the party, and so will the democracy of every southern state; probably, also, every one of the middle and far western states, and, perhaps, of most of the eastern states.

"This is not the time for hedging and dodging. The democracy has outgrown that sort of child's play."

From Thursday's Daily.

THE TOURNAMENT.

YESTERDAY'S RACES.

We noted at the time of going to press yesterday the tie between Fayetteville and Wilson in the Grab Reel Race. Afterwards, when Durham's turn came her No. 1 won, time 22¼ seconds.

LONG DISTANCE THROWING ENGINES.

In this contest, which took place at the City Hall after the close of the Races on Rowan Street, Winston won by 239 feet, 5 inches, beating the Adrian Company of Wilmington by 21 feet, the score of the latter being 218.5.

TO DAY'S RACES

To day's races were opened at 9:30 o'clock this morning, on Rowan Street, by a contest, 50 yards, between the Fayetteville and the Greensboro Juniors. Greensboro won in 18½ seconds against Fayetteville's 19. In this contest, the judges gave the Greensboro boys a second trial, because in the first Greensboro's wrenchman was unable to unlock the hydrant tap.

The little fellows did good running, and both sides were cheered heartily.

THE CHAPIONSHIP REEL RACE.

The Atlantics of Newbern remain the Champions, this being the third time they have won in succession.

Our Fayetteville team made a gallant fight coming in third, but so close were the leading teams that Fayetteville was 1½ seconds behind the winning time.

Following is a list of the competing teams in the order in which they ran, with the time made by each—distance, 300 yards:

Salisbury,	56 seconds.
Charlotte,	59½ "
Atlantics, of Newbern,	53½ "
Newbern, No. 1. 52 sec. (ruled out).	
Greensboro Southsides,	55 seconds.
Salem, no time. Lost nozzle.)	
Fayetteville,	55½ "

HORSE HOSE WAGON RACE—300 YARDS.

Greensboro won this, time 47½ seconds. Following is the score:

Newbern (Atlantics)	50½ seconds.
Greensboro	47½ "
Durham	Failed.
Winston	Failed.
Goldsboro	54 "
Newbern, No. 1,	52½ "
Wilmington	49½ "

THE HOOK AND LADDER CONTEST—300 YARDS.

Only two teams competed in this contest, Wilmington and Winston, the former making the distance in 64½ seconds, and Winston winning in 60 seconds. Winston's former record was 56½.

These horse contests were exceedingly interesting, the horses being so well trained, and excited general admiration.

From Friday's Daily.

THE LAST OF THE RACES.

In spite of the rain yesterday afternoon, the Inter State Hose Wagon contest was run on a very muddy track. The Delgar of Sumter won in 39½ seconds. Newbern 2nd, in 46½.

In the Inter State Hose Reel contest, which was concluded this morning, (several of the teams running yesterday afternoon to enable them to return home), Florence Reel team won. The following was the score of the three highest teams:

Florence 52½
Durham 32 3 5
Sumter 32½

In the Interstate Foot Race this morning Geo. Holliday, of Florence, won, making the 100 yards in 10 seconds, beating Geo. Brandt by only a foot. Brandt's time being officially recorded at 10¼ seconds. The following were the contestants: G. J. Holliday, Geo. L. Brandt, E. C. Stackhouse, B. Capps, C. E. Test, W. Linton, R. A. McEachern.

The Quick Steaming Contest, which was not pulled off until yesterday evening, was won by the Atlantic engine of Newbern, in 2 minutes and 55 seconds.

The Newbern teams covered themselves with glory—the Atlantics retaining their championship, and the Newbern No. 1 holding them an almost even hand

The Interstate-State Victors

At the Inter State Hose Reel contest Thursday morning on Rowan street, the winners, as elsewhere stated, were the Florence which is composed of the following gentlemen:

Dr. E. M. Matthews, Manager; W. J. Wilkins, Captain; W. J. Swailes, Secretary; Geo. Holliday, Ed. Stackhouse, John Brunson, Robt. Laughlin, Geo. Laughlin, Geo. Morgan, Piatt Morgan, Jesse W. Hatchell, Claud Husband, Walter Morgan, Willie Jennings, Willie Murchison, Palmer Johnson, J. D. Murchison, Robert Bray.

The three prizes won by them are as follows:

First Prize for Reel Team Interstate Contest.
First Prize for Best Uniform.
First Prize Fastest Individual Runner Interstate.

The run to the hydrant was 2½ seconds faster than any team, which was 17½ seconds on a muddy track. The wrench slipped three times which caused the time to be so slow.

The decision of the judges was unanimous that Florence Team should have the prize for the prettiest and handsomest uniform company. The running of Stackhouse and Holliday were the sensational events of the morning in the fast race. Holliday winning in 10 seconds flat 100 yards.

The Florence team left on the A. C. L. at 4:20 this p. m. Holliday, Swailes and Murchison will stay over to the ball this evening. All the Florence Team say Fayetteville is the most hospitable of all her sister State's towns.

Capt. Wilkins of the Florence Team is considered the best reel team captain in the Palmetto State, and the boys are devoted to him.

The Florence team, the victors who have excited so much admiration for their strikingly beautiful green and white running suits, are a high-toned set of young men. Captain Wilkins requests us to say that his men "do not by any means participate in anything which pertains to rowdyism," and that they "have been most hospitably entertained by that first-class manager, Capt. J. M. Goddard, of the Goddard House."

Thanks from the Delgars.

The splendid Delgar Reel Squad, from Sumter (who won the prize, it will be recalled, for the best dressed team) request us to publish the following letter of thanks to the Citizens and Firemen of Fayetteville:

We shall always consider ourselves under obligations to you for the hospitable manner with which you received us, and although total strangers to you, by your cordial welcome we felt as if we were at home. To the ladies thanks are doubly due and as long as the members of Delgar Reel Squad, No. 3, are unmarried we shall always remember the warm reception given us by the "Fayetteville Girls."

Sincerely,
W. S. Graham, Foreman; A. G. Flowers, Assistant Foreman; S. J. Ryttenberg, J. Warren, E. A. Bultman, W. Bultman, J. B. Miller, J. F. Reid, J. Holman, D. J. Winn, C. B. Yeadon, J. Moran, W. R. Phillips, W. R. Delgar, W. Stancil, E. Wells, R. B. Hair, D. China.

Thanks from our South Carolina Guests.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., August 6, 1897.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OBSERVER:

Please allow me space in your valuable paper on behalf of the firemen of Sumter, the friends who accompanied us and myself to sincerely thank the ladies, the citizens of Fayetteville and the firemen of the "Old North State" for the fairness and generous and courteous kindness shown us during our stay in Fayetteville. May the N. C. State Firemen's Association grow and prosper.

We hope soon to have the pleasure of entertaining our North Carolina "sisters," brothers and friends.

H. B. BLOOM,
Chief Fire Department.

The Late Mrs. C. C. Lyon.

The late Mrs. Lyon, who died recently at her home in Elizabethtown, Bladen county, was a daughter of the late John A. Richardson, a prominent lawyer of that county who at one time was solicitor of the district. She was also a neice of Mr. J. T. Le Grand, the able lawyer of Richmond county. Her husband, Mr. C. C. Lyon, is the leader of the Bladen bar, a gentleman of high character and exceptional talents.

Acid beverages for hot weather: Limades, Orange Phosphate, Fruit Phosphate, Grape Phosphate, Cherry Phosphate, and Lemon Phosphate, at Horne's Drug Store.

THE BAPTIST CHAUTAUQUA.

Meets at Red Springs Next Week.

FIRST DAY—TUESDAY, AUG. 10TH.

8:00 p m—Praise service by Chorus of 100 voices, led by Prof J H Ruebush, Hagerstown, Md.
8:30 p m—Address of Welcome to Red Springs, Response, H B Duffy, Newbern, N C.
9:00 p m—President's Address; Social Gathering at Hotel Townsend.

SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY, AUG. 11TH

9:00 a m—Devotional, Bible Study led by Prof W R Cullom, Wake Forest.
9:30 a m—Enrollment of Members and Organization of Committees.
10:00 a m—A Review of the Condition of the Sunday School Work in North Carolina, by Rev B W Sillman; Conference on the Work in Our State—Open Discussion.
11:00 a m—Song Service.
11:15 a m—Teaching of Lesson for August 15th: "Abstaining for the Sake of Others." 1 Cor 8:1 13, W H Ragsdale, Greenville.
12:00—Conference on Teaching; ten minutes talk on Teacher's Work; 1 in Preparing the Lesson, John E Ray, Raleigh; 2, in Management of Class before and after Lesson, W H Eller, Greensboro; 3, In Pastoral Work, R D Caldwell, Lumberton.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3:00 p m—Concert by Orchestra.
3:30 p m—Address, "Sunday School Ruts, and how to Pry out of Them," F W Hancock, Oxford.
4:00 p m—Teaching of Lesson for August 22d: "The Excellence of Christian Love," 1 Cor 13:1 13, by T S Sprinkle, Winston; five minutes Talks by Teachers, 1 How I Keep the Attention of My Class, Prof C E Brewer, Wake Forest; 2. How I Secure Lesson Study, W J McLendon, Wadesboro.

NIGHT SESSION.

8:30 p m—Vocal Concert.
9:00 p m—Address, "Life in Mexico," Rev H R Mosely, Florence, S C., who spent a number of years in Mexico as missionary.

THIRD DAY—THURSDAY, AUGUST 12th.

9:00 a m—Devotional Bible Study, led by Prof W R Cullom.
9:30 a m—Conference of Superintendents, Officers and Teachers, led by M A Allen, Reidsville; 1. The General Exercises—What? 2. Management, Grading, Attendance and Other Problems; 3. How to Secure Teachers.
10:30 a m—Address, "The Honor and Opportunity of the Superintendent's Office," E E Hilliard, Scotland Neck.
11:00 a m—Teaching of Lesson for August 29th; "Paul Opposed at Ephesus," Acts 19; 21-34, by H B Parker, Goldsboro.
11:45 a m—Song Service.
12:00 m—Address on Soul Winning in the Sunday School, by Rev A C Barron, D D, Charlotte, N C.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3:00 p m—Women's Meeting; Conference on "Woman's Work," led by Miss Reid, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.
4:00 p m—"Pins Preaching to Practical people"—an object talk, by Rev C A G Thomas, Fayetteville
4:30 p m—The Sunday School Library—Its Value; 1, What Should Be in It? 2, How Shall It Be Managed? A Paper by Miss Carrie Lee McLean, Charlotte.

NIGHT SESSION.

8:00 p m—Overture by the Orchestra.
8:30 p m—Lecture, "Humorous Side of Courtship and Matrimony," Rev C C Brown, D D, Sumter, S C.

FOURTH DAY—FRIDAY AUGUST 13th—CHILDREN'S DAY.

9:00 a m—Devotional Bible Study, Led by Prof W R Cullom.
9:30 a m—Children's Chorus Service, under direction of Prof J H Ruebush.
10:00 a m—"How We Teach Our Primary Department," with exhibition by class in object teaching, sand map, etc. Mr and Mrs J H Weathers, Raleigh.
11:00 a m—Chalk Talk for Children, by Miss Maud Reid.
11:30 a m—"How We Teach Our Girls' Intermediate Department," Mr and Mrs W A Cooper, Raleigh.
12:00 m—"Best Things in Primary Work—Management, Promotion, Visitation," a Paper by Mrs Tyson, Carthage.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3:00 p m—Open Air Concert by Orchestra at Hotel Townsend; Drill by Boys' Brigade of the Baptist Tabernacle, Raleigh, in uniform.
4:00 p m—Talks on Boys' Brigade Work, led by Capt J J Bernard, Raleigh.
4:30 p m—Address, Who Shall Have the Boy?" by J W Bailey, Editor of Biblical Recorder.
5:00 p m—Election of Officers and Other Business.

NIGHT SESSION.

8:00 p m—Concert and Entertainment by Orchestra and Members of the Chatauqua.

FIFTH DAY—SATURDAY, AUGUST 14th.

9:00 a m—Devotional, Bible Study, Prof W R Cullom.
9:30 a m—Teaching of Lesson for September 5th: "Christian Giving," 2 Cor 9:11, by Mrs T M Tucker, Reidsville.
10:15 a m—Address, "The Relation of the Sunday School to Denominational Progress," Rev John E White, corresponding secretary Baptist State Convention.
11:00 a m—Question Box.
11:30 a m—Teachers' Meeting and Home Department Work, N. B. Broughton.
12:00 m—Difficulties in Country Schools—A Conference Led by Rev W B Harrell D D. Dunn.
12:30 p m—Sunday Schools in Factory Districts—Their Needs, Prof E P Moses, Rock Hill, S C., and F B Ashcraft, Monroe.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Recreation.
Twilight Concert by Chautauqua Band on Campus of Hotel Townsend.
8:30 p m—Social Gathering at Hotel Townsend.

SIXTH DAY—SABBATH.

7:00 a m—Consecration Hour. Services Conducted by Rev M L Kesler, High Point.
10:00 a m—Address, "Our Great Work and Its Reward, Prof J B Carlyle, Wake Forest.
11:30 a m—Annual Chatauqua sermon, by Rev A M Simms, D D, Raleigh.
3:00 p m—Address, "Mother and the Sunday School," Rev O L Stringfield.
4:00 p m—Chalk Talk to Children, by Miss Maud Reid.
8:00 p m—Sacred Concert.
8:30 p m—Sermon, by Rev W M Jones, Maxton.

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Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

A Book for North Carolinians.

Webster's Weekly.]

When Maj. Clement Dowd, of Charlotte, consented to write a biography of the lamented Vance the friends of the great commoner felt that the work had been entrusted to competent hands. Maj. Dowd was his personal and political friend, knew him intimately, and was for some time associated with him in the practice of law. In addition to this, his acknowledged ability as a writer, his patriotism, and his high admiration for Senator Vance, gave assurance that the task would call out his best powers of head and heart.

We have had the pleasure of perusing Maj. Dowd's "Life of Zebulon B. Vance." It is a book to be read carefully and digested, though there is enough on the surface to make it as interesting as a novel. We care not who the reader may be, he will find its contents interesting and instructive. To trace the life of one who rose from humble circumstances, fighting his way up until a great State crowned him with the highest honors she could give, and his fellow-citizens loved him as they did no other man, is no small task, but Maj. Dowd has succeeded admirably. He has uncovered the springs of his greatness and made plain the source of his wonderful popularity.

The mechanical work was done by the Observer Printing and Publishing House, of Charlotte, and is creditable indeed. The volume contains 26 chapters, covering 492 pages. Seven chapters are contributed by friends. Gen. R. B. Vance writes four chapters: "Ancestry, Birth, Etc.;" "Boyhood—Education Begun;" "Marriage—Public Life Begun;" "Breaking Out of the War—Raises a Company;" Hon. Kemp P. Battle writes of him "As Student at the University;" Rev. R. N. Price, D. D., writes of "Vance as I Knew Him;" and Dr. Chas. D. McIver writes of him as "Governor After the War." A symposium of the opinions of eminent Carolinians as to his life and public services comprises the thirteenth chapter. The contributors are Richard H. Battle, Joseph P. Caldwell, Walter Clark, William R. Cox, Wharton J. Green, Edward J. Hale, Wade Hampton, Hamilton C. Jones, James D. McIver, William J. Montgomery, William M. Robbins and Alfred M. Waddell.

The illustrations are numerous, embracing three pictures of Vance, one at 28, another at 36, the third as he appeared a few years before his death; pictures of his wife, children, mother, etc.

Senator Vance's life was so full of incident, his intellectual efforts so many and varied, that his biographer no doubt found it difficult to decide what to make use of and what to leave for others to take up. The speeches and lectures incorporated in the narrative are of a high order, and some of them are a revelation to us of Vance's remarkable literary gifts. Truly he was a many-sided man. Maj. Dowd confesses himself that he did not know Senator Vance was such a hard worker until he began gathering material for his biography. Doubtless the chapters that treat of his remarkable record as war Governor and his unrivalled contest with the Republican Titan, Judge Settle, for Governor in 1876, will be read with most interest. His Senatorial career is not recounted in detail, but some of his ablest speeches are given. Maj. Dowd deserves special praise for devoting so much attention to Gov. Vance's official correspondence during the war. Col. Olds, the Raleigh correspondent, is furnishing the Charlotte Observer and the Wilmington Messenger with copious extracts from Vance's Letter Book, which are very interesting, but not one man in ten will preserve them. Not so with those in this book. They are put in their proper setting and will be preserved for generations.

Every family in North Carolina ought to have a copy of this book. Our State has never produced Vance's peer and the plain people never had such a friend. He was a patriot, a statesman, a philosopher, an intellectual giant, and a sincere lover of humanity. He was a politician of the best type—never stooping to take a mean advantage of an opponent. Judge Settle said after the great campaign of 1876 that he was an absolutely truthful man and never tried to get out of what he said when confronted with it. No one can read the story of his life without feeling proud of the State that produced him and of the people who lavished such honors upon him.

Repairing Pneumatic Tires.

Experienced repairmen and riders know that a flat rubber patch is the only satisfactory repair for a tire puncture, and the Morgan & Wright form of tire is the only one which can be patched in this way. In fact, no other form of tire can be permanently repaired. The Morgan & Wright tire can be taken apart when necessary. A tire in which the inner tube, valve stem, and other casing are all manufactured in one piece may *seem* simple to the new rider, and of course all the manufacturer of such a tire has to do is to slap all the parts together and cook them in a lump, so to speak.

But this is not real simplicity. If your postage stamps get stuck together, you are a loser. The parts of a pneumatic tire are worth a great deal more than postage stamps, and any repairman will tell the rider that sometimes an accident happens which can only be fixed by taking the tire apart. If the tire is of the all-stuck-together kind it cannot be taken apart, and must be considered ruined.

Some people, who have not studied this matter, have asked Morgan & Wright to make the all stuck-together kind, but they have always refused, because they know that the regular Morgan & Wright tire gives the least trouble and the most comfort to the most people.

Dispensary Measures vs. Justice.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

Are the people to be wronged by short measures in buying at the "Dispensary"? and signing their names to the wrong? The "flasks," purporting to be half pints, do not hold the measure even filled to their full capacity (which like most patent medicine packages, lack a full dose). I applied at the Dispensary for half "pint" brandy. I was handed one of their "short flasks" which I refused, on the ground that it did not hold half pint, and produced a flask (of another State, which would hold half pint), the clerk, Robt Wemyss, refused to sell me the half pint. Mr. Ingold was not in.

In justice to the people, when they are required *by law* to sign a receipt for "liquors purchased at the Dispensary," why should they not get measure according to the same law?

Where the profit in the wrong goes, I do not pretend to say. People may draw their own inference. But what I do know is, it should be looked into, and "nipped in the bud."

I do not wish to dictate to the managers of the Dispensary, but when it takes nearly five half pints to make a quart, who's the gainer, the people or the Dispensary? Being a "victim," I complain.

Respectfully yours,
G. S. DEMING.

Horner Military School.

Oxford Ledger.

Darius Eatman and Burton Craig magna cum laude in the class of '97 of the University. They have been leaders of their class for four years. Both were prepared at the Horner School, Oxford, N. C.

CADET NEIL EMERSON AT HORNER'S.

The Oxford Ledger of yesterday, in referring to the closing exercises at Horner's school, pays the following deserved compliment to a Wilmington boy, says the Messenger:

"All the declaimers and ssayists did splendidly as is always the case with the Horner cadets, but conspicuously meritorious was the declamation of Neil D. Emerson, of Wilmington, N. C. His subject was the 'Dream of Clarence,' and this young man spoke with a beauty, earnestness and eloquence that electrified all present, eliciting a storm of well deserved applause. His rare gifts will assuredly win for him future fame on the arena of eloquence if he will cultivate his native gifts in that direction. He was awarded the declaimer's medal and was fortunate as the recipient of many beautiful flowers."

FUN MAKING

and health making are included in the making of HIRES Rootbeer. The preparation of this great temperance drink is an event of importance in a million well regulated homes.

HIRES
Rootbeer
is full of good health. Invigorating, appetizing, satisfying. Put some up to-day and have it ready to put down whenever you're thirsty.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Whitlaw Reid.

Mount Vernon Daily Argus.]

John Sherman, Secretary of State, brother of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, and for many years United States Senator from Ohio, now at Amagansett, L. I., has refused the courteous invitation from the master of Ophir Farm, the Hon. Whitlaw Reid, to visit him at his palatial home east of White Plains, notwithstanding the host was President McKinley's personal representative to the Queen's jubilee, and was, in 1892, the running mate of Gen. Benjamin Harrison for Vice President of the United States.

Secretary Sherman's declination is a cruel blow, but, if we read history aright, is fully justified out of respect to the memory of his deceased brother, Gen. Sherman, who during the rebellion had an experience with one Whitlaw Reid, then a war correspondent, who knew more about the campaign in which the General was engaged than he did himself, and for which he, Whitelaw Reid, was sentenced to be shot by his brother for making indiscreet strictures on his method of operation in the conflict, but who repented, greatly to the present day disgust of McKinley's Secretary of State.

List of Jurors.

The following jurors have been drawn for the September Criminal Court:—

W. W. Capps, J. A. Keith, D. F. Sinclair, J. S. Biggs, A. F. McNeill, Turney Tart, F. P. Williston, Nelson Williams, Jno. Faircloth, Sam. Melvin, J. B. Underwood, Jr., J. S. Williford, H. G. Thomas, E. M. Downing, J. E. Reardon, W. D. McLaurin, Henry Melvin, C. McK. Jordan, Chap. Wells, W. D Crumpler, W. B. H. Riley, A. J. Ammons, J. S. Lockwood, J. McD. Geddie, T. T. Hall, A. M. Bolton, Sam. McCrimmon, A. J. Guy, A. H. Jones, T. H. Harris, Alexander McDougald, Jesse Gibson, Thos. B. Freeman, G. E. Galoway, A. C. Faircloth, N. J. Bell.

The LaFayette.

Everybody is praising Manager Matthews for the great tact and firmness with which he has handled the large crowds that have overflowed in his elegant hostelry, during the Tournament.

The Only Record Broken.

The only State record broken during the tournament was by Fayetteville's team in the 150 yard Hose Reel Race Wednesday afternoon, their time being 31 seconds.

A Padlocked Heart.

How many women lock their troubles and sufferings in their own hearts and silently endure misery and pain which would cause strong men to cry out in agony.

The sufferings of women are more than half unknown and unappreciated. The refined sensitiveness of their organism lays them liable to a thousand exquisite tortures which a coarser nature can never experience or comprehend.

The least derangement or disorder of the delicate special organism of their sex overwhelms the whole physical and mental being with weakness and wretchedness.

But it is a mistake to suffer these troubles in silence. They may be cured in the perfect privacy of home, without the repugnant ordeal of examinations and "local treatment," which the family doctor is sure to insist upon.

No physician in the world has had a wider or more successful experience in the treatment of woman's diseases than Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. His "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most obstinate and complicated feminine difficulties.

It is the only medicine of its kind prepared by an educated, skilled physician.

Mr. J. F. Sneed, of Omen, Texas, writes: "My wife was badly afflicted with female weakness. We tried three of the best physicians in the country without benefit, but at great expense. My wife grew worse, and we gave up in despair. She could not get in and out of doors without help; was not able to stand on her feet long at a time, complained of dragging down pains in abdomen. Nothing but an untimely death seemed awaiting her, when—happy thought!—the name of Dr. Pierce came to my mind. I wrote to Dr. Pierce received his advice, followed it, my wife improved perceptibly from the first two week's treatment, continued the treatment six months, and pronounced the *cure complete*, at a cost of less than one month's treatment by the last physician we employed before consulting Dr. Pierce. She used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and the lotions recommended by him. It has been two years since, and the good effect is permanent."

Dispensary Humor.

Correspondence of the Observer.

MR EDITOR:—I sympathize very deeply with Brother G. S. Deming, who made his pitiful complaint in your paper yesterday afternoon, but, at the same time, I feel that he is not entirely deserving of sympathy. Why should any good Democrat like Bro. Deming patronize this Republican Dispensary when it is so easy to get good Democratic liquor? Fie on him for hankering after Republican liquor, forced down our throats by the most rascally legislature that ever met in Raleigh! He deserves to get short measure, and a "dose less than a full pint" in a pint tickler. Some sympathizing brother should at once show him the way to the nearest Democratic B. T., or what is better still to the Gallberry.

Now, if he patronizes the Gallberry he will never complain of short measure. Just let him leave his receptacle and a silver half dollar in the hollow stump in the thicket, and when he comes back the next day he will be sure to find it full to the stopper, no matter whether it is a pint or quart tickler or a half-gallon or gallon jug or growler. There is nothing *mean* about the Gallberry. How could there be when the dainty little still is run by one of the cleverest fellows that ever drew breath, one who has always voted right, and always voted the "straight ticket?" Many a time did he vote for Mr. Troy for State Senator, etc., but Mr. T. can't find that little still no matter how hard he may smell around for it.

Now then, let Bro. Deming keep away from the Republican Dispensary. Let him start out on the right path just at "good dark," looking neither to the right nor to the left, and do as directed, and he will get better whiskey and more of it, and at the same time he will help a good Democrat like himself earn an honest living.

ONE WHO HAS BEEN THERE.

DIED.

WALKER—At the residence of her mother, near Brown's Summit, Guilford county, N. C., on the 22nd of July, 1897, Miss MAGGIE WALKER, aged 24 years, daughter of the late Rev. W. T. Walker.

Her long sufferings were cheerfully borne, and she awaited the great change that she well knew to be near with composure and calm resignation to the Divine will. Death had no terrors for her. She welcomed death as the deliverer from all her sufferings.

The deceased was a most exemplary member of the Christian church at Hine's Chapel, where her funeral was preached by the Rev. Mr. Holt and where she was laid to rest. A FRIEND.

WILLIAMS—July 28th, at the home of her grandmother, on Little River, BELLE HESSIE WILLIAMS, only child of Robert S. and Winnie B. Williams, after an illness of only three days, aged 14 years

"Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God."

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ED. R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE.
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER, D.D.S.
DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS.
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 29, 1880. tf

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 12, 1897

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

A MISTAKEN VIEW.

Under the quoted head "Is British Rule Endangered?" the Atlanta Constitution says:

"The New York World raises this startling question in discussing the present situation in India. Several days ago a violent outbreak occurred among the natives in northern India; but whether this outbreak is due to a growing sentiment of hostility toward Great Britain or simply to the exasperating effect of recent visitations cannot at this juncture be clearly determined. If the Hindoos are disgusted with the policy of Great Britain in dealing with the scourges which have recently blighted that fair province, the fact should occasion no surprise. India has received but little help from the government which should have lavished its resources upon her suffering people, and most of the relief which has found its way into her drought-stricken borders during the past few months has come from other sources. In consideration of the vast wealth which India has poured into the British treasury since first becoming a royal province, it is shameful that Great Britain should permit other countries to do what she ought to do herself. If this is the cause of present dissatisfaction in India, there is some ground for it, and unless the British government sees fit to make amends in some way for its past neglect the affections of the province may in time become effectually alienated from the crown. Great Britain would have some difficulty, to say the least, in subduing the Hindoos should they take it into their heads to emulate the example of the Cubans."

This writer had occasion in 1890 to travel over a large part of India, not frequented by people of our race, and a part of the mission which took him there was to inquire into this very question of the stability of existing conditions as dependent upon the character of British rule. An exhaustive study of the question convinced him that the rule of the British was incomparably more benign than any that India had ever before enjoyed. Not only more benign than that of the British East India Company which, under British protection, ruled that wondrous land from 1757 to the Mutiny of 1857, but than that of any of the five or six dynasties which were erected in succession by invaders from beyond the Himalayas.

Lord Brassey—who, as Sir Thomas Brassey, laid out the great railway system of India—informed the writer that famines had always been periodically occuring in India, the cause being the difficulty of transportation from the provinces where a surplus of food existed to those in which the crops had failed. The British government was building the railways not only to expedite its military operations but also to remedy this defect of food transportation. We believe Mr. Julian Hawthorne confirms this view in his recent articles in the Cosmopolitan.

No, British rule in India is infinitely better than that of any of the oriental powers can be. The present uprising is probably instigated by the Mohammedans, who are unduly elated at the late Turkish victories.

It is foolish to compare the relations betweens Cubans and Spaniards to those between the natives of India and their British rulers. Remember Plassy, where Clive with 32 hundred men defeated the Mogul Viceroy with 68 thousand.

THE FALL ELECTIONS.

The Atlanta Constitution's able correspondent, Obl, writes that paper from Baltimore an exhaustive analysis of the campaigns that are to be waged this autumn in Ohio, Maryland, New York, Kentucky and Virginia.

In Ohio, it is pointed out, Hanna, a new man, is making a fight which will give him greater power than any Republican has had since Blaine, if he wins, but will sink him in oblivion if he loses. He is backed by the administration, by unlimited money, and by the fact that Ohio is normally Republican. The issues are national entirely, the Democrats having re affirmed the Chicago platform with great emphasis. The chances are, of course, against the Democrats, but, if they should win, it would give their cause an incalculable boom.

In Maryland, the issue is a purely personal one. It is the struggle of Senator Gorman for retention of power, against his numerous enemies. It is the fight of his life. Whatever objections may be raised to the machine element in Mr. Gorman's political methods, no one can fail to be fascinated by the romantic story of the page who, upon completing his humble duties in the Senate, determined to be a Senator himself—and succeeded; or to admire the great ability as a legislator and a party counsellor which he has developed; or, if a Southerner, to feel grateful to him for his magnificent fight against the force bill. We have already discussed the Maryland platform. It may be used as a "straddle" on the money question, but when it declared for the equal coinage of gold and silver standard dollars, it practically reiterated the Chicago platform; for that means the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1. The announcement that Mr. Gorman would retire from politics was merely part of a play. If the Democrats carry the legislature, Gorman will be the Senator elected by it. The State went Republican last year by 35,000, but everything so far has been going Gorman's way.

In New York, the fight resolves itself into a titanic struggle of the Platt machine against the Tammany machine for possession of the huge machinery of the new city of Greater New York.

In Kentucky there will be a red hot and spectacular campaign, but the silver, the Blackburn, Democrats will sweep the field.

In Virginia, the campaign is noteworthy for the pronounced declaration of the Democrats in favor of an original silver man for Governor and the friendly co operation of the Populists for victory on a silver platform.

OUR DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN.

North Carolina has the honor of being represented in Congress by one Democratic Congressman. As this is the brilliant young lawyer from the Fifth district, Mr. Kitchen, it will be seen that the word "honor" is not used perfunctorily.

We are reminded of this by the publication in the Roxboro Courier of a speech delivered by Mr. Kitchen in Washington City on the 5th of July on the occasion of The Independence Celebration under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs.

We have several times had occasion to speak in words of praise of Mr. Kitchen before he attained his present unique position. His speech reveals the fine analytical and philosophical character of his mind. We are inclined to think he is the ablest of our younger public men. We shall give his speech in full as soon as we have space.

THE DEATH OF CANOVAS.

We gave in our yesterday's issue the news of the assassination of the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas, generally regarded as the ablest Spanish statesman.

It is impossible to forecast the effect of this act. If Spain were strong and resourceful, it might produce an effect hurtful to the Cubans, just as Lincoln's assassination, at first attributed to Southern influence, injured the South. But Spain is too weak even to be spurred by such an event.

Meanwhile, it may be recorded that Senator Morgan thinks the death of Canovas means the succession of Sagasta, the recall of Weyler, the reappointment of Campos, and the freedom of Cuba.

Judge Clark on the Telegraph.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat quotes these extracts from Judge Walter Clark's recent article in the Arena:

The telegraph in this country originally (1844-47) belonged to the postoffice, and when, from mistaken notions of economy, Congress permitted it to go into private hands, Henry Clay, the great Whig leader, and Cave Johnson, the Democratic Postmaster General, earnestly protested and prophetically foretold the evils that have followed. Repeated attempts to restore these betterments to the postoffice have been made, supported by leading men of all parties, including five Postmasters General. No less than eighteen Congressional committees have from time to time reported upon bills restoring the telegraph to the postoffice; of these sixteen have reported in favor of it, one report was non-committal and one slightly adverse. The telegraph monopoly, which finds its revenue better than a gold mine, has always fought for delay, and by its powerful lobby at Washington, its lavish issue of franks to Congressmen and other public officials, and its influence over the daily press, to which it furnishes telegraph news, has always, so far, prevented a roll call on the measure. It will continue to do so as long as possible. There can be no doubt that, if the measure could come to a vote, public opinion would force a result in the interest of the people.

* * * *

In 1868, indeed, the Western Union was virtually whipped, and it promised to surrender if given two years to wind up; and the act was passed, which is still on the statute book, that all telegraph lines built after that date should be built with the notice that the government could at will take them over upon an appraisement of the value of the plant, without franchise being allowed for. But by the next Congress the Western Union was strong enough to prevent a vote, and has been so in every Congress since.

And comments thus upon Judge Clark's article in its leading editorial:

"A GOVERNMENT OF THE CORPORATIONS, BY THE LOBBY FOR THE MILLIONAIRES."

"We miscall this government of the people, by the people and for the people," said Judge Clark in his recent article in the Arena which we published the other day, "but a consideration of the defects in our postoffice management shows, beyond cavil or question, that in consideration for the benefit of the public we are far behind most other countries, even those making small pretension to popular government. Taking our Postoffice Department as a sample, it could be said that ours is 'a government of the corporations, by the means of the lobby, for the benefit of the millionaires.'" We have had this told us very often of late by leading statesmen and thinkers. Hon. Geo. Fred Williams pointed it out in his stirring address before the Louisiana State University at Baton Rouge. Judge Clark, in his article in the Arena, confines himself to one branch of the evil—the postal service—and shows how these corporations, or, rather, a single corporation—for the Western Union has secured a monopoly in the line of business it handles—absolutely controls a branch of the public service of the greatest convenience and necessity to the people.

The postal service in every other progressive country consists of two branches, the ordinary mail and the telegraph. Common sense tells us that they are not merely kindred, but identical, going, naturally, hand in hand, and the telegraph is used only as a quicker way of sending information. If one is in a hurry he uses the telegraph; if he has more time, he uses the mail. To separate the two is like separating the express trains on the railroads and the ordinary accommodation ones, placing them under different control because one is fast and the other slow.

How naturally the telegraph and the mail slip into each other as parts of the same postal system is seen in England, France and other countries, where government control of telegraph has given complete satisfaction and assures an improvement from year to year. We have followed England in every postal improvement it has made except in the government control of the telegraph, and the only thing that has prevented us doing this is the prohibition of the Western Union.

We of the United States fully appreciate the fact that the telegraph ought to be operated as part of the Postoffice Department, and the business interests and people generally have been anxious for years to bring this about; and, for that matter, so has Congress, but here we have a sample of what Judge Clark calls "a government of corporations, by the lobby, for the benefit of the millionaires."

The Western Union has put itself in opposition to the popular wish and the demands of Congress, and it has set its lobby to work. That lobby has been strong enough to defeat no less than fourteen recommendations of congressional committees for the establishment of a postal telegraph, and has been able, even when a bill to that effect passed Congress, as in 1868, to nullify the law and wipe it from the statute book.

The lobby may have cost a considerable sum to maintain, but look at the magnificent fruit, $119,560,000 of profit on the enterprise, and nearly $10,000,000 income a year for a few millionaires to waste on Paris palaces, French chateaux and the entertainment of princes in England. Here is where the millionaires of whom Judge Clark speaks come into consideration.

His definition is a perfect one of the system whereby a branch of the government necessary for the people is diverted from it, and, thanks to the lobby, used to enrich a few individuals. The trust is conspicuous everywhere in this country today; it raises the price of every article of general consumption, and thus manages to keep the people poor; but in no instance is it more offensive than in the case of the Western Union, which not only plunders the people with its exorbitant charges, but usurps the powers of the government itself and maintains its firm grip on part of our postal system in defiance of popular sentiment.

Imposing on Newspapers.

Wilmington Star.)

The Charleston News and Courier, a few days ago, contained an editorial calling attention to and protesting against the imposition practiced upon newspapers in that State in the matter of gratuitous advertising. This is done in forms too numerous to mention and to an extent that imposes an unreasonable and onerous burden on the newspapers, a burden that not only immensely reduces their income but adds largely to their expenses, for which they receive no equivalent whatever. The News and Courier, as an illustration, mentions the case of one educational institution which sent it a little advertisement, amounting to $3, with gratuitous matter enough to amount to ten times that if a reasonable charge was made for it, all of which was expected to be published without any compensation whatever.

Commenting upon the article in the News and Courier the Columbia State, one of the suffering victims, emphasizes the protest against the abuses complained of, some of which it groups as follows:

"An institution or organization—college school, library, military company, anything—proposes to raise funds for itself. It engages a lecturer, a theatrical troupe, anything—and the profits of the performance are to be divided. The newspapers are loaded with 'advance notices;' they drum up the business and bring the crowds. The performers get their money, the concern for which the benefit is given gets its share, the owner of the hall or theatre, the musicians, the printer of the programmes, get half price at least. But the newspapers whose space has been used so freely and whose aid has made the affair a success get nothing. We forgot—they get thanks, sometimes. 'Way down at the end of the resolutions 'the press' is sometimes thanked—in a bunch, with no specifications.

"An entertainment is given for a charitable or semi charitable purpose. Those who take part are not professionals. They receive nothing for their work. But they charge money for the entertainment, and for the things needed and used—except newspaper composition and newspaper space—they pay out of the proceeds, if not full rates, at least cost price. There is no thought of cost price for a newspaper.

"An association exists. It has worthy purposes, but not more worthy than the purposes of any good individual. It is conducted for mutual advantage, with incidental advantage to those who are not members. It literally loads the newspaper down with notices of itself and its work, with announcements of every entertainment, every meeting, repeated so often that they affect the reader—hundreds of columns of it in a year, worth thousands of dollars at advertising rates. Of course nothing is paid for it—'were sacrilege to ask money of people trying to be good!—but as an evidence that the papers are liked for what they have done they are asked to furnish free copies to the association, thus enabling 50 or 100 persons, some of whom might otherwise subscribe, to escape that necessity."

This puts the case well, and is about the size of it in North Carolina, too, where the papers are fearfully victimized by this two general disposition to "ride a free horse to death." It is a habit that has grown with the years, until every newspaper publisher, especially the publishers of daily papers, have just cause of complaint and protest. Few of those who practice it seem to realize how unreasonable it is, what an imposition it is on the publisher, or that every line he prints costs him money and that the expenses of the paper must be met by the income of the paper, which is deeply cut into by the dead head matter thrust upon it. Not only that but the insertion of this kind of matter (which should go in strictly as advertising to be paid for as other advertising) reduces the space for other matter in which the public and the readers of the paper are more interested.

Papers in cities north of us, and also in some of the Southern cities where newspapers are conducted on strictly business principles, as other enterprises are, do not suffer from this abuse for there when people hand in matter in the nature of an advertisement, in which the public generally is not interested, they are expected to pay for it and it doesn't go into the paper unless it is paid for. That's the way it should be everywhere, and that is the view that should be taken of it by those who expect so much from the papers for nothing, and forget that newspapers are business enterprises which depend upon their receipts from advertising and subscription, just as the merchant does upon the goods he sells. The merchant is not expected when he sells a dollar's worth of goods to throw in two dollars' worth for nothing, and neither should the newspaper be expected to do it.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9, '97.

There are many opinions as to why John Sherman should have returned to Washington and taken charge of the State Department at this time. Some say that the old man intends to make a fight to knock out the Hanna-McKinly plan of kicking him out of the Cabinet after the Ohio election; others that he has a scheme of his own to get even with the administration for the treatment he has received by getting it into some new foreign complication, but the generally accepted idea is that he is in Washington solely to enjoy bossing the State Department, a privilege that is denied him when Mr. McKinley and Assistant Secretary Day are in town. Mr. Sherman's virtual acknowledgement of his ignorance of the nature of the instructions given to Minister Sewall concerning Hawaii is proof of how little he knows of the important part of the foreign policy of the administration. Mr. Day has had exclusive charge of all matters relating to Hawaii and Cuba.

Mr. John W. Foster, the gentleman who is accredited with having written the instructions to Ambassador Hay that were signed by Mr. Sherman, has returned from his sealing mission to Europe. He says it was successful; Prof Elliot, of the Smithsonian Institution, says it was a flat failure. Which of them is right will not be known until after the international conference, which meets in Washington next October, shall have been held.

The Spanish Minister has only to tip the wink to the Secretary of the Treasury to put all of the machinery of the United States Customs Service to work at fillibuster hunting. His latest was an allegation that arms were about to be shipped from Bridgeport, Conn., or thereabouts, to the Cubans. Special orders were at once sent to all the officers of the Customs Service in that vicinity to turn themselves into detectives to please the Spanish Minister.

Of course every man has a right to have and express an opinion upon subjects before the public, and yet opinions may be expressed in such a way as to make a man appear to be gloating over the misfortune of something that he opposes, which causes them to strike most people as being in bad taste, or even worse. To the latter class belong the publicly expressed opinion of Mr. Preston, Director of the U. S. Mint, on the decline in the price of silver. With the usual gall of the know-it-all Mr. Preston tells the public not only that he knew the decline in price was coming but that he knows the decline is going to keep on until the price gets down to forty cents an ounce. The belief is irresistible that Mr. Preston's talk represents his wishes rather than his knowledge on this subject.

Not a little joking has followed the naming of the new submarine torpedo boat, which a small party of officials went over to Baltimore to see launched from the Columbian Iron Works, "Teddy" Roosevelt, who is always trying to do something out of the common, christened the boat "Plunger."

The Cost of Civilization.

New York Journal.]

Japan is beginning to realize the cost of glory. The illuminations, the processions and the shouting are over and the bills are beginning to come in. Just as the novelty of being hailed as one of the great powers of the world begins to pall on the Japanese mind the price that must be paid for this complimentary recognition forces itself on the Japanese attention. Probably the people have not yet begun to question their complete beatitude under the new regime, and indeed the real sufferers are those who, in a country like Japan, are largely destitute of means for public expression of opinion. The capitalistic class finds its profits in the changed conditions, and doubtless in Japan, as in some other countries, the public opinion which makes itself heard is chiefly the opinion of that class.

An American shipbuilder, who finds large profit in the growing zest for navy building in the United States, has just returned from Europe bearing great tidings of the activity of foreign ship yards in the construction of Japanese war ships. England, Germany and France, he reports, are contributing to the development of Japanese sea power—of course for a consideration. In five years Japan will be superior to the United States on the ocean. Happy Japanese! How fortunate for them the day when, with their easy defeat of the undisciplined regiments of the Emperor of China, their dream of military glory first approached realization.

But the other side of the story comes from Japan. Its Government is disturbed by a depleted treasury. All expenditures have been greatly increased since the war. All reserve funds in the treasury are exhausted and new taxes must be levied. In brief, Japan is paying almost literally the price of glory which Sidney Smith described to Brother Jonathan eighty years ago. From the schoolboys' taxed top to the dying man's taxed medicine in a taxed spoon, Japan is experiencing all the burdens of civilization.

The philosopher who wrote of "The Evil of Civilization; its Cause and Cure," might well study the case of Japan. If he can find that any benefits have accrued to the masses of that cheerful and lovable people from their admission to the great family of civilized nations, except compulsory military service, added taxes, the gold standard, and ready made trousers in place of their picturesque national dress, his discovery will be a useful contribution to the literature of national progress.

As a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness, Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal in merit and efficiency. It eradicates dandruff, keeps the scalp moist, clean, and healthy, and gives vitality and color to weak, faded, and gray hair. The most popular of toilet articles.

Nothing cures pains like Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. McDUFFIE'S.

The Society of the Cincinnati.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

NORTH CAROLINA SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.
ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 7, 1897.

MR. EDITOR:—It has been suggested to me that, by an inquiry made through your columns, of much interest to North Carolinians, this time honored patriotic Society might discover direct or collateral descendants of the following named officers of the North Carolina Continental Line who would be entitled to the honor of membership in this Society, to the re organization of which I have, for the past two years, devoted much labor. The Society will be grateful for any information or reference upon the subject.

WERE ORIGINAL MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY IN 1783.

Lieutenant Colonel Archibald Lytle.
Captain Thos. Armstrong.
" Geo. Bradley.
" Benjamin Coleman.
" Samuel Denny.
" Robert Fenner.
" Joseph Montford
" Robert Raiford.
" Joseph T. Rhodes.
" Anthony Sharp.
" John Slaughter.
Lieutenant William Alexander.
" John Campbell.
" Thomas Clack.
" Thomas Finney.
" John Ford.
" Charles Gerard.
" Francis Graves.
" Nathaniel Lawrence.
" James Moore.
Cornet James McDougall.
Surgeon Joseph Blythe.

DIED IN THE SERVICE.

Major Pinkethan Eaton.
" John White.
Captain Joshua Bowman.
" James Campbell.
" William Goodman.
" James King.
" Micajah Lewis.
" Denny Portesfield.
Lieut. Thomas Allen.
" Maurice Moore, Jr.
" Charles Triplett.

SERVED OVER THREE YEARS.

Colonel James Armstrong.
Lieut. Colonel John Armstrong.
Major William Fenner.
Captain William Armstrong.
" John Brown.
" Samuel Budd.
" Francis Child.
" John Craddock.
" Thomas Evans.
" William Fawn.
" John Ingles.
" Samuel Jones.
" John McNees.
" Elijah Moore.
" James Pearl.
" Jesse Reed.
" Charles Stewart.
" John Sumers.
" William Walton.
" Richard Andrews.
" Clendenin.
" George Cook.
" Arthur Cotgrave.
" Charles Dixon.
" Thomas Dudley.
" William Hargrave.
" Philip Love.
" Stephen Slade.
Surgeon James W. Green.
" Solomon Balliog.

Very Respectfully,
CHAS. S. DAVIS,
Sec'ty N. C. Soc. of the Cincinnati.

Dispensary Medicine.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

The article signed by "One Who Has Been There," and probably *would* be there yet, if he had his deserts, and thinks I do not deserve any sympathy for being cheated out of rights for buying "Basso Quinco" at the Dispensary, and advises me to keep away, gives me very good advice so far. But when he advises me to patronize the "Gallberry," perhaps he is a stockholder in that concern. He also says there is nothing "mean" about the Gallberry. If he is so "mean" that he dare not sign his name to his communication, he is too "mean" to notice. If the gentlemen who compose the Dispensary board take no notice of my complaint, and allow (14) fourteen ounces to be sold for half a "pint," who should not the grocer sell sugar or coffee in the same proportion? The seller would only gain *one in eight*, only about 14 per cent. If it is legal in one place, it is in another, give us weight and measure. I simply stated facts in my communication. I had nothing to say about Republican or Democratic parties and don't propose to do so or interfere where I have no business. When I vote, I believe I have the same privilege to vote as I see proper as others. There is no "mongrel" in me in that respect.

And, now in conclusion, would say to "One Who Has Been There," I don't like his advice to wait until dark to start out to look for that little "still." He seems to be well posted in such matters and has been there, and should be there still if he had his deserts.

Respectfully,
G. S. D.

Thanks from Greensboro.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Aug., 9, '97.

EDITOR OF THE OBSERVER,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Please allow me space in the OBSERVER to publicly thank, in behalf of the members of the Eagle Hose Co., No. 7, of Greensboro, N. C., the good people of Fayetteville for the hearty welcome extended us, and the hospitable manner in which our company was entertained during the Firemen's Tournament recently held in your city.

We assure them that the memory of this occasion will ever linger with us as one of the most pleasant of our lives.

We also feel indebted to the Fayetteville Fire Department, the members of the Chicora Fire Company, and especially to the fair and patriotic members of the Auxiliary Ladies' Reel Team of the Chicora Fire Company, for the many courtesies shown us during our short stay in your beautiful little city.

Respectfully,
H. J. ELAM,
Pres't Eagle Hose Co., No. 7.

KEEP YOUR EYES OPEN!

Surely if the word REGULATOR is not on a package it is not

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

Nothing else is the same. It cannot be and never has been put up by any one except

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

And it can be easily told by their TRADE MARK—

THE RED Z.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Fayetteville, N. C., Post Office Aug 9, 1897—Unclaimed.

B—Miss Bella Brinkly.
C—Miss Nella Culbreth, Neill T. Cameron.
H—Miss Semis Horton, Mrs. Sarah E. Hill, Murple Hackney, Frank Howard, Jackson Hocell.
J—A. S. Jackson, Phillis Jones.
M—M. J. Moore.
Mc—Miss P. L. McDowell, 2, Miss Aggie McAllister, Miss Lizzie McNeill, Mary McDougald, Mrs. Rebecca McDaniel.
P—F. G. Paill & Bros., W. C. Powell.
R—Miss Maggie Robinson.
S—L. E Smith.
T—W. T. Thomas.
W—Mrs. D. T. Williams.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised.

W. D. GASTER, P. M.

THE ELECTION NEXT FALL.

There Will be Enough to Keep Politicians Guessing.

Washington Dispatch.

There will be a number of interesting elections held in November of this year, and politics promises to be lively. New York city will elect a mayor for what is known as Greater New York. The State will elect a chief judge of the Court of Appeals and a new Assembly. Ohio is to chose a Governor, a State ticket and a Legislature. Iowa is to choose a Governor. Virginia a Governor and a full State ticket. Massachusetts is to choose a full State ticket and a Legislature, and the free silver line is to be drawn there. Pennsylvania will elect a State Treasurer and an Auditor General. New Jersey will elect State Senators and members of the Legislature.

The two great senatorial contests are in Ohio and Maryland. A State Comptroller and clerk of the Court of Appeals will also be elected in the latter State.

Nebraska holds an election for judge of the Supreme Court and regents of the State University. Its returns will throw some light upon Bryanism in the country west of the Missouri. The city of Detroit elects a mayor on November 24. This contest may be fought upon municipal issues, or along national lines. Until the contest develops further no prediction as to the significance of the returns can be made. The contest in Kentucky for clerk of the Court of Appeals will bring out a good-sized vote, and there is not a State in the Union which in the present condition of partisan welfare is more important.

Kentucky was saved for McKinley last year by the narrowest kind of a plurality, clearly attributed to the votes of the gold standard Democrats. This year the gold Democrats are determined to make a contest of their own, that their party strength may be more fully demonstrated.

Postmasters.

The following postmasters were appointed Saturday for this State:

Ashers, W. D. Woodruff; Alfordville, A. L. Bullock; Arden, C. F. Summer; Bismark, L. E. Barber; Blowing Rock, W. P. Laws; Blaine, J. F. Russell; Cagle's Mill, W. L. Cornellson; California Creek, A. F. Sprindle; Cleveland, J. L. Barringer, Danville, A. A. Foust; Fall Creek, E. C. Phillips; Fork Church, A. M. Foster; Gladstone, A. K. Miller; Harper's Cross Roads, Samuel Cox; Harrisville, M. A. Ewing; Lisk, L. A. McAllister; Lockville, J. A. Parham; Merry Oaks, N. G. Gunter; Old Dock, M. C. Marlow; Ore Hill, E. C. Cheek; Pedlars Hill, G. A. Smith; Peru, Alma Tendland; Rosedale, J. F. Jones; Sapona, McW. Barber; Turnersburg, J. E. Hendren; Wadeville, N. H. Hurley Yokley, W. R. Padgett.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Government Crop Report—Finest Condition in Years.

The Government crop report was issued Tuesday morning, and we received the following over Cuthbret & Co's private wire: Condition of Cotton, Virginia, 99; North Carolina, 97; South Carolina, 92; Georgia, 95; Florida, 83; Mississippi, 85; Louisiana, 90; Texas, 78. Arkansas, 90; Tennessee, 84; Missouri, 85; Indian Territory, 94; Oklahoma, 86.

Cramp and colds and all pains cured by Goose Grease. H. R. HORNE.

H. A. Rankin,
PLANING MILL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
North - Carolina
— AND —
Yellow Pine.
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRACKETS, BALLUSTERS, MANTELS. FLOORING, CEILING, SIDING, PARTITION MOULDINGS, ETC.

If you need anything in this line give me a trial. Have put in sash and door machinery and am prepared to fill orders for all kinds of mill work, promptly and at lowest prices. Mill on the C. F. & Y. V. and A. C. L. railroads. Convenient to loading cars.

Store on Hay Street, opposite the Williams building.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

Having levied on three barrels Whisky, and Still, Cap and Worm, of T. L. Rosser, for taxes, the same will be sold at Fayetteville the 26th day of August, at 12 o'clock M.

F. M SIMMONS,
Collector 4th District,
By W. C. Troy, Deputy Collector
August 5, 1897. 1f

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

THE NORTH CAROLINA BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL CHAUTAUQUA.

RED SPRINGS, N. C., Aug. 11, '97.

The Chautauqua opened at 8:25 p. m. August 10th, under very favorable circumstances—a beautiful moonlight night, a large cultured and enthusiastic audience of probably 800, and the orchestra and speakers ready.

The orchestra of about 20 pieces played an anthem—"All Hail."

President Broughton announced that Prof. Ruebush would be here today.

The music by choir and orchestra is good. Song: Blessed Assurance. Prayer by Rev. A. C. Barron, D. D., Charlotte. Coronation.

The Address of Welcome was delivered by Rev. C. G. Vardell, President of Red Springs Seminary, in a warm hearted, interesting and appropriate style; and was responded to by W. C. Douglass, an attorney at law, of Raleigh.

His reputation as a witty and entertaining speaker is well established, and the response was received with applause.

Both speakers emphasized the well known fact that Red Springs is noted for its hospitality and ability to take care of a crowd. The Scotch especially were praised highly.

Music—"Battle Hymn."

The President, N. B. Broughton, delivered his annual address. He congratulated the people on such a large, favorable opening. He reviewed the history, growth, influence, &c., of the Chautauqua. First session at Mt. Vernon Springs five years ago. He said that it was born of necessity. The object of the Chautauqua: 1. To encourage workers; 2. To increase efficiency; 3. To enlarge their field.

He spoke of the great work the religions press is doing, also Rev. B. W. Spillman, Corresponding Secretary—praised his work, expressed the hope that his services could be secured all the time. He said one thing for it to consider this time is whether it will locate permanently. He mentioned the offer made by Marion, N. C. He said another thing to consider is the expenses—how shall they be raised? By contribution or by membership fees?

He thanked the brethren of Fayetteville Presbytery for use of Tabernacle. He thanked the Railroads for low rates and the citizens of Red Springs for such a warm welcome, and said: "Honor and Praise His Holy Name for His goodness to us."

Mr. D. P. McEachern read resolutions from citizens of Red Springs, adopted in mass meeting, requesting that the Chautauqua be permanently located here. A committee was appointed to consider these propositions.

President Broughton announced that the camp of the "Boy's Brigade" of the Baptist Tabernacle, Raleigh, had been named "Camp Theodore Wood," because Mrs. Wood visited this place, was captured by its hospitality, impressed with the suitability of the location, and caused the Chautauqua to come here two years ago. Though now buried in Western North Carolina, his name is thus honored and revered.

Mr. Spillman requested people not to hitch horses to young oaks, &c., about the Seminary, but to posts provided for hitching.

Music—"Blest be the tie." Benediction by J. E. White, Raleigh.

Music led by Remsburg, Blount, Broughton and others. Miss Ross Broughton, Raleigh, at the organ; Miss Olivia Barclay, Raleigh, at the piano.

Prof. Ruebush is expected at 9:37 a. m. today.

The Boy's Brigade—40 boys about 10 to 16 in uniform, is one of the great attractions.

A funny lecture Thursday night by C. C. Brown, D. D. Friday is children's day. W. F. Blount furnished a $325 Kimball piano for the occasion.

Come to the Chautauqua. Subscribe for the Fayetteville OBSERVER and Red Springs Citizen—keep posted.

"For Schools" 69; "Against Schools" 134.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY Co., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber and Building Material
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS.

Farming Implements
OF ALL KINDS,
Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL
Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.
Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.
Yours Respectfully,
WALTER WATSON.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,
Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.
WALL PAPER,
Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE.
From observation, experience and inquiry we are convinced the Wheeler & Wilson is the best Sewing Machine made. We have therefore accepted the agency for this Machine and can offer a good trade on easy terms to parties in need of a highgrade Machine. If called on at once we can make special arrangements as to terms. Don't miss an opportunity.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Saw-mill men will please note—we can use a few car loads of Lumber, Laths, Shingles, etc., and we are willing to make a fair exchange. If you desire a trade, let us know. Come and see us, or, if possible, we will visit you.

GOOD BELTING.
The New York Belting and Packing Company have made us agents for their Celebrated Rubber Belting. We will carry a stock of their goods. They cost than you have been paying for ordinary grades. Please remember this and try a belt from us at the first opportunity. We guarantee prices and quality.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

AYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG 12, 1897

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Horner School.
Repairing Pneumatic Tires.
Thomson Printing Company.
W. M Simmons—Government Sale.
Dr. J. H. Clewell—Salem Academy.
A. Sessoms—The Enterprise Land and Improvement Company.

Excursion Rates.

The C. F. & Y. V. Railway will sell round trip tickets to Mt. Airy on the 14th and 15th of August, good until August 31st, at $5.50.

Large Excursion.

Nine cars full, nearly 500 of excursionists, passed through here yesterday from Greensboro, on the way to Wilmington and the beach.

Fencing the Methodist Church Yard.

The fence has been removed from the Hay Street Methodist church yard, adding greatly to the general effect of the trees and grass which adorn it.

Manchester Cotton Mills.

Judge McIver Monday morning appointed Mr. Hunter, of Greensboro, receiver for the Manchester Cotton Mills. We have not yet learned the particulars.

Honor of Mrs. Calvert.

Mrs. J. W. Hughes Tuesday afternoon gave a charming At Home to a large number of ladies, at the Rectory, in honor of her guest and sister-in-law, Mrs. C. C. Calvert, of Texas.

Mr. Moore.

Rev. W. H. Moore, P. E. of the Fayetteville District, preached two very fine sermons Sunday, morning and evening, at Hay Street Methodist church, and held the third Quarterly Conference Monday morning.

Electric Light Plant.

To the numerous inquiries we receive daily in regard to the proposed electric light plant, we can only say that the special committee are hard at work getting up data and considering different bids, the location of site, etc.

Sick.

We regret to learn that Mrs. Geo. Clarence is exceedingly ill; in fact there is little hope for her recovery.

Miss Isabella Williams, of Little River Academy, is seriously sick.

Death of Prof. McKee.

We regret to learn of the death of Prof. S. W. McKee, who was so popular and grown here as a teacher in the Hillsboro Academy, which occurred recently at his home. Since leaving Fayetteville he has been a teacher in the Bingham School at Asheville.

The Chautauqua.

The North Carolina Baptist Sunday School Chautauqua began its fifth session at Red Springs Tuesday, and will continue until Sunday. In another column will be found the official program. A number of prominent educators and others will attend from this city.

The Tournament Ball.

The Tournament Ball at the Armory Friday night was a grand affair. Forty-eight couples were led through a brilliant maze of figures by Messrs. Linton, Salisbury, and J. C. Thomson, Jr., of this city. The only thing that marred the enjoyment was the shortness of its duration.

Married.

Thos. T. James, formerly of Sampson County, but now of Lumpkin, Ga., to Miss Fleta G. Strickland, formerly of Cumberland County, but now of Columbus, Ga., were married in Georgia Monday, and passed through our city Tuesday a. m., enroute to the home of the groom's brother in Sampson County.

Mr. Gilmore Seen in the City.

It was reported at the Sheriff's office Wednesday that Alex. Gilmore, the outlaw, had been seen in this city Wednesday. The report was investigated, but nothing definite could be learned. It is not unlikely, however, that Gilmore was in the city that day, for he is a good fellow as is known by his visit to the jail on the Wednesday after the February.

Death of Mrs. James Brown.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dodd Brown, widow of the late Mr. James Brown of this city, died of paralysis at the home of her daughter in Wilmington Wednesday. She leaves two daughters and one son and a number of relatives in this city to mourn her loss. Her remains were brought here for interment, and the funeral took place on arrival of the train this afternoon from Hay street Methodist church.

A Mysterious Affair.

When Delsy Burnett, who lives near Little Mile Branch, returned home Tuesday afternoon after about two hours absence, she found the house, which had been left securely fastened, broken into, all the contents ransacked, and the floor saturated with kerosene oil. Nothing apparently was missing, and the only supposition is that the person or persons took fright before they accomplished their purpose.

Last Month of the Dispensary.

The following is an analysis of the last month's doings of the Cumberland County Dispensary:

July 31, 1897,		
Stock on hand,		$3,552 93
Sales for July,		1,194 90
		$4,747 83
Purchases,		4,164 72
Gross profit,		583 11
Expense account,	240 06	
Freights,	192 18	
		432 24
Net profit,		$ 150 88

The Blues Not Blue.

Galatia's base ball team, composed of seven Blues, C., A., H. L., F., H., A. F. and Tracey Blue and two Lindsays, A. A. and C., won from the Fayetteville Juniors yesterday afternoon at Base Ball Park by a score of 8 to 3

Mt. Airy Apples.

The Southern Express Company Tuesday forwarded 60 crates of Mt. Airy apples consigned to parties in Charleston, S. C. In a short time the traffic in these mountain apples will become enormous, so Mr. Crosswell, route agent of the Express Company, informs us.

Son of Mr. O. A. Robbins Drowned.

Little Felix, the 6 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Robbins, formerly of Cumberland Mills, but now of Charlotte, was drowned at Carolina Beach Tuesday evening while bathing. A big sea tore him from the life line and carried him outward. The body had not been recovered up to last accounts.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret candy cathartic, cure guaranteed 10c. 25c.

Returned from the Meet.

Mr. J. G. Hollingsworth chief consul for North Carolina of the L. A. W. returned Monday night from Philadelphia where he has been attending the National Meet of the League. He says that it was a grand meeting, that the wheelmen were treated royally, and that the races, which took place 14 miles from the city, on a magnificent track were, to use the parlance of the day "out of sight." Our Chief Consul says that 13,000 wheelmen from outside of Philadelphia were registered at the headquarters when he left.

We guarantee Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. SEDBERRY & SONS.

The Original Package Again.

In the U. S. Circuit Court at Charleston Saturday Judge Simonton filed a decision in the case of Guckenheimer & Sons vs. W. W. Sellers et al. brought to settle the question "of what constitutes an original package." Judge Simonton decided that if a bottle is given to a carrier outside the State for shipment into the State, that is an original package. If several bottles are tied together or placed in a barrel or crate or box, then the box, barrel or crate is the original package and must not be broken for delivery or sale. In the words of the document, "an original package is the package delivered to the carrier by the importer at the initial place of shipment."

Goose Grease cures all aches and pains We sell it. A. J. COOK & CO.

At the Opera House

Thursday night "David the Shepherd Boy" was repeated at the Opera House by the same excellent Fayetteville Amateur Troupe who have so delighted our opera-going audiences of late. The House was full, and the splendid rendition of the piece, the fine costumes and the superb music, brought rounds of applause from both home people and the strangers within our gates.

Our people owe many thanks to Mr. Novitzky and to the ladies and gentlemen (whose names we have before given) who have so skilfully aided his own efforts, for presenting the community in such a gratifying light to our friends from abroad.

There was but one change from the former cast, viz: Mr. J. Frank Blount, in place of Mr. Jennings, as King.

We sell and guarantee Rice's Goose Grease Liniment KING BROS.

Vance's Life.

Read the article, elsewhere, by the very able Col. John R. Webster in his Reidsville Weekly, on Major Dowd's Life of Vance. We believe it is the best notice we have seen of this very valuable book, which should be in every North Carolinian's home. By the way, that was a most important suggestion (in the Wilmington Messenger, we believe,) of General Bradley T. Johnson, of Baltimore, that the State should lose no time in publishing the complete text of Vance's war letter books. No monument to Vance, or, for that matter, to the State, could be devised comparable to such a publication. It will be recalled that the Federal Government for a long time refused to restore these books, or to permit Vance to have access to them.

Hasn't Missed a Meal.

"Typhoid fever left me with a bad stomach trouble. The medicine I tried did not relieve me until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine relieved my stomach trouble and I am now able to work every day and have not missed a meal since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." F. M. DAVISSON, Box 56, Cherry Camp, W. Va.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Merit

Made and Merit Maintains the confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla. If a medicine cures you when sick; if it makes wonderful cures everywhere, then beyond all question that medicine possesses merit.

Made

That is just the truth about Hood's Sarsaparilla. We know it possesses merit because it cures, not once or twice or a hundred times, but in thousands and thousands of cases. We know it cures, absolutely, permanently, when all others fail to do any good whatever. We repeat

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

At Lakewood.

A delightful outing was given at Lakewood Tuesday afternoon in honor of the visiting young ladies, under the chaperonage of Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, Mrs. Walter Holt, Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot, Mrs. Hal. London and Mrs. E. J. Lilly. The following young ladies and gentlemen were present: Miss Addie Ramsey, Durham, with Mr. H McD. Robinson; Miss Daisey Holt, Graham, with Mr. S. H. MacRae; Miss Maggie Pierce Warsaw, with Mr. A. S. Wightman; Miss Fair Payne, Maxton, with Mr. A. B. Williams, Jr.; Miss Mary Lillie McKay, Wilmington, with Mr. W. F. Leak; Miss Kate Bryan, Newbern, with Mr. Mr. Paul Slocomb; Miss Kate DeRossett, Wilmington, with Mr. Fred. Hale; Miss Ellen Underwood with Mr. Robt. L. Williams, Miss May Broadfoot with Mr. A. Sydney Williams, Miss Kate Broadfoot with Mr. Chas. Elliott, Miss Laura Kyle with Mr. Lawrence Williams, Miss Nan Kyle with Mr. Jno. Underwood.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is, unquestionably, the best preservative of the hair It is also curative of dandruff, tetter, and all scalp affections.

The Special Tax Election.

The news so far received from the State is meagre in details, but the general announcement is made that the special tax has been overwhelmingly defeated. That is right. No more power—and in corrupt hands there is no power so great as money—should be placed in the hands of the goldbug fusionists. Two forces seem to have operated to defeat the tax: (1) The Democrats (the chief tax payers) opposed strengthening the hands of the enemy; and (2) the negroes, who voted almost solidly against it, feared imprisonment, under the new fusion law, for non payment of taxes.

The vote in this (Cross Creek) township was:—

	"For Schools."	"Against Schools."
Precinct No. 1,	19	93
" No 2,	6	79
" No. 3,	9	91
" No. 4,	10	132
	44	395

IN THE COUNTY.

	For.	Ag'st.
Black River (Rhodes' Mill),	80	135
Flea Hill (McMillan's),	5	75
" " (Geddie's),	7	183
Cedar Creek (Cedar Creek),	28	140
" " (Blue's),	13	160
Beaver Dam (Hales'),	10	84
" " (Jessup's),	—	37
Gray's Creek (Butler's),	14	184
Rockfish (Hope Mills No. 1),	1	153
" " " No. 2),	2	149
Pearce's Mills,	3	55
71st (Ray's),	3	234
" (Newton's,	33	115
Quewhiffle,	71	109
Little River (Smith's Shop),		78
Carver's Creek (Eureka Spgs)	15	37
" " (Kingsbury),	45	40
" " (McKay's Store),	27	44
	401	2407

JUST try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Many thoughtful housekeepers save 20 cents on every dollar expended for Baking Powder.

No other pure cream of tartar powder of equal leavening power is sold so low.

Try one can of Carolina Powder, and if not satisfactory the dealer will return your money.

Manufactured by H. R. Horne, Fayetteville, N. C.

Depression of Spirits

so common in summer-time, accompanied by loss of energy, lack of thought-power, means a deficient supply of nourishment. The vital force is lost. It isn't a question of muscle and sinew, but of resistance and endurance. At any age, but especially in youth, it involves the risk of lung disease. Loss of flesh and a cough are threatening signs.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with the hypophosphites, meets these cases perfectly. It tones up, fattens and strengthens.

In Scott's Emulsion the taste of the oil is fully disguised, making it almost as palatable as milk.

For sale at 50c. and $1.00 by all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Mfg. Chemists. New York

The Prime Minister of Spain Assassinated.

Spain's great Prime Minister Canovas was assassinated Sunday. A despatch from the Spanish Capital, over Cuthbert & Co.'s private wire, says:

The assassination of Senor Canovas, the Prime Minister of Spain, yesterday by an anarchist, has had a bad effect upon the foreign markets and English consols have dropped 5-16 of a point to 112 5-16, and all other foreign securities have sympatized. Senor Canovas was the leader of the Spanish Conservative party and the "power behind the Spanish throne," who up to the present has steered it through its troubles and prevented a crisis of the Cuban question with this country, and his sudden death at the most critical time in Spain's colonial and financial history places it in a predicament whereby almost anything is liable to happen. It is no doubt this apprehension as to Spain's immediate future developments that has weakened the foreign markets. The Cortes is now in session, otherwise the fall of the Government might have been precipitated by this act. The Queen is returning and a meeting of the Cabinet Ministers has been called. It is variously reported that the Minister of War and Senor Cosgayon, Minister of Interior, have been appointed Prime Minister ad interim.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

The Markets.

E. B. Cuthbert & Company furnish us the following from New York, at close of markets at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon:

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Sugar.	Am. Tob.	L. & N
Opening,	145	94⅜	59⅝
Highest,	146	95	61½
Lowest,	144⅞	94	59⅝
Close,	145½	94	61½

COTTON.

Month,	Aug.,	Sept.,	Nov
Opening,	752	722	703
Highest,	754	723	703
Lowest,	751	718	796
Close,	754	718	796

GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET

Month,	Sept., Wheat.	Sept., Corn.	Sept. Ribs.
Opening,	79⅜	27½	477
Highest,	81⅛	27⅝	477
Lowest,	79⅜	27	467
Close,	81¼	27½	475

Sales Cotton, 90,000.
Receipts Cotton, 1,400.
Receipts, Hogs, 30,000

Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

The regular monthly session of the Board of Aldermen was held Tuesday afternoon—the following members being present: Col. Cook, the Mayor, and Messrs. J. A. Pemberton, A. A. McKethan, B. R. Taylor, D. A. McMillan, W. S. Maultsby, C. B. McMillan, E. J. Kennedy, J. W. Johnson, Jas. F. Johnson, L. Huske, J. B. Underwood and J. G. Hollingsworth.

Mr. Chas. Glover's report as list taker for the city was read and ordered filed. It shows that $9,000 has been added to the tax books of 1896, in real estate and bank stock that has heretofore been overlooked. The valuation of real and personal property for 1897, is $1,144,106, against $1,107,246 for 1896, an increase of $36,860. This will give the city $368 more revenue yearly.

Alderman J. W. Johnson moved that all of the present lights, with the exception of the one under the market house and the one in the fire engine room be dispensed with. Alderman C. B. McMillan seconded this motion. Alderman McKethan and Pemberton made speeches against this, saying that it would only be a little while before we would have electric lights and that it would never do to leave the city in total darkness. The motion was defeated.

A resolution was passed giving authority to the special light committee to negotiate for the sale of electric light bonds not to exceed $15,000.

After passing a number of bills the meeting adjourned.

Nothing was done in regard to the bicycle paths, Mr. Remsburg, one of the chief movers in the matter being out of town.

It speaks well for an article when the longer it is used the better it is liked. Such is the case with Ayer's Hair Vigor. People who have been using it for years, could not be induced to try any other dressing for their hair, because it gives such perfect satisfaction.

A Very Sad Death.

Seldom has our community been so saddened by any death as by that of the young wife of Mr. Frank Thornton, Jr., which occurred at their residence on Maiden Lane early Friday forenoon, as the result of a severe attack of remittent malarial fever.

Mrs. Thornton was an exceedingly beautiful woman, of a lovely and most amiable disposition, and beloved by all who knew her. She was Ruth, the youngest daughter of James N. and Jane McLean Smith, and was twenty six years of age. She inherited beauty and attractiveness of manner from both sides of her house.

Everything that a loving husband and father in-law, and mother and brothers and sisters and skilful physicians could do, was done for her, but in vain.

The deceased lady left but one child, an infant son.

A large congregation gathered at St. John's Church Sunday afternoon to pay respect to the memory of Mrs. Frank Thornton, Jr., an account of whose death we gave in Saturday's issue, and to join in the services which took place there at 5 o'clock. These were most impressively conducted by the Rector, the Rev. Mr. Hughes, assisted by the Rev. Jos. N. Starr. Mr. Rose presided at the organ. Most of the congregation followed the remains to the cemetery, where they were interred in the Thornton burial plot. Following were the pall bearers:

Messrs. Fred. Hale, S. H. MacRae, Archie Campbell, Jno. D. Williams, Ed. L. Hawley, Geo. Underwood, McI. Matthews, A. J. Cook.

The grave was covered with the beautiful floral offerings which loving friends had sent. In the morning a great number called at the lovely creek-side home as a mark of respect to the dead and of sympathy with her bereaved husband and family.

In Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, the five great continents, Shaker medicines, are being used by suffering humanity for the cure of sickness and disease.

Never was there such a universal demand, never such wonderful results.

Shaker Digestive Cordial, a cure for indigestion, is prepared from herbs and roots, and is a natural remedy, which cures by aiding nature and not by fighting her.

Shaker Digestive Cordial makes those fat, who have become thin by not digesting their food.

It restores the spirits and the appetite of those who are dejected and fagged out from the wearing effects of indigestion,

It relieves the symptoms of dyspepsia, and, after using for a reasonable time, finally cures the complaint.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL.} A. W GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

At It Again.

The malicious busybodies, whose vocation seems to be to spread false reports concerning OBSERVER editorials, are at it again, notwithstanding their dismal defeat in the late excursion matter. This time it is to say that Thurs lay's editorial declared that the OBSERVER didn't care whether those who left the Democratic party came back or not. The reader will of course see that the OBSERVER said just the reverse. Let friends of the OBSERVER be on their guard.

It may be that it is best to take advantage of the present occasion to inform our friends that, after stumbling about in the dark for some years over many unaccountable things, the OBSERVER believes that it has at last run to earth a regular propaganda of false news concerning its sayings and doings. The plan seems to have been to start out runners, as soon as it was seen that an OBSERVER editorial ran counter to a certain interest, to propagate distorted or absolutely untruthful constructions of such articles. The method was very effective so long as enmity to the OBSERVER was not proclaimed, especially as few persons, after throwing their papers aside, remember the exact words of any given article. Honest themselves, they assumed that the propagandist was speaking disinterestedly; and, so, public opinion was formed by this secret kind of work.

A favorite method has been to play for a "dog fall" by at once circulating a report that the OBSERVER has committed a wrong as soon as it was discovered that the OBSERVER had exposed a wrong.

An industrious one of the propagandists is a signer of the "excursion protest"—whom we let off very easy at the time; yet we have indisputable evidence that he knowingly signed a false statement. Several of the signers affixed their names, we believe, innocently.

The course of these malicious persons has done incalculable harm in the community and to the community, and without doubt is responsible for much of the want of faith in each other which exists in our midst and without which mutual confidence, in wholesome degree, we can never take advantage of our great natural and artificial endowments and commercial opportunities to the extent that our sister towns have done with inferior conditions.

For a year past the public as well as the OBSERVER has been getting its eyes open, and recent occurrences have propped them very wide open indeed.

RESTORED TO HEALTH.

If you are suffering with any skin or blood disease, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Old Sores, General Debility, etc., send stamp to the Blood Balm Co., Atlanta Ga., for book of wonderful cures, free. This book will point the way to speedy recovery.

Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) is manufactured after a long tested prescription of an eminent physician, and is the best building-up and blood purifying medicine in the world. Beware of substitutes. Price $1.00 for large bottle.

For sale by Druggists.

ONE IN A THOUSAND.

One summer, several years ago, while railroading in Mississippi I became badly affected with malarial blood poison, that impaired my health for more than two years. Several offensive ulcers appeared on my legs, and nothing seemed to give permanent relief until I took of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which cured me entirely. M. D. LANE, Deveraux, Ga.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Thomson Printing Co.,

Office Rooms Nos. 4 & 5 Thornton Block.

JOB PRINTING
— OF EVERY DESCRIPTION —

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch, at prices to suit the times.

A share of your patronage solicited.

SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care together with full College instruction. Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 324 last year. New term begins Thursday, Sept. 2, 1897. Send for Catalogue to REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, North Carolina.

SEVENTY-FIRST ITEMS.

SEVENTY-FIRST, August 11, 1897.

Mrs. Roxanna McNeill, of Little River Academy, is visiting at Mr. J. H. Currie's, as are Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Jackson and Miss Carrie Jackson, of Pittsboro. Miss Bettie Louise London, who has been a visitor at the same pleasant place, left yesterday.

Miss Torrie Buie returned last week from Marlowe, Ga., accompanied by Mrs. John McEachern, who will spend a month at her old home.

Rev. W. B. Arrowood, of Laurinburg, will preach at Galatia on Friday, Saturday and Sunday next, both morning and night of each day except Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Edwards is conducting a series of meetings at Mt. Gilead church this week.

Similar services will begin at the Baptist tabernacle on Monday of next week. The Pastor will be assisted by Rev. J. D. Moore, of Red. Springs.

Ray's precinct gave a majority of 232 against the school tax. Only three persons voted for it.

Toothache threatens to become epidemic in 71st.

A number of our people expect to join the excursion to Red Springs Friday and take in the Chautauqua.

SCOTCH LASSIE.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidney and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe —10c.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

COTTON.

Middling,	7
Good Middling,	8
Tinges and Stains,	firm
Market—firm.	

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits,	22½c
Common Rosin,	90
Virgin,	1 80
Yellow Dip,	1 60

PRODUCE

Extra Flour—sack,	$200@ 230
Family Flour—sack,	275
Hides—dry—per lb.	5@8
" —green—per lb.	@3½
Wool—washed	6@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	7½
" —ham	10½@12
" —sides	7½@8
" —shoulders	5½@6
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	35@40
Peas—clay	55a60
" —mixed	65
Meal—bolted—44 lbs per bushel	45@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@50
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	50
Onions—select—per bushel	60@60
Lard—N. C.	7½
Tallow	2@4
Ducks	15@18
Hens—per head	25
Spring chickens	10 a 18
Roosters—per head	15 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	5½ a 6
Guineas	15
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	12 a 15
Honey—strained—per lb	9 a 10
" —comb—per lb	8 a 10
Eggs—hen—	10
Feathers—new	35 a 40

A Household Necessity.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

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The Official Guide to the Klondyke Country
And the Gold Fields of Alaska.
Retail Price, $1.00.

Immensely interesting and strictly authentic. The actual experiences of miners and their marvelous discoveries of gold. The information contained in this book has been carefully prepared from the most reliable sources, and will be the means of leading thousands to fortune in the

GOLD FIELDS OF THE NORTH.

This book contains 300 pages and is illustrated with 32 full page photographs, taken especially for this work, and also 8 pages of official maps.

We are the sole publishers of "The Official Guide to the Klondyke Country;" any other publications purporting to be are imitations.

Our usual commissions.

Send 50 cents at once for complete book, together with agents' outfit.

W. B. CONKEY COMPANY,
341-351 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

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Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Does a General Banking Business,
RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,
Collects Notes and Drafts
Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.
Capital Stock, - - - - $250,000.00.
No deposits received on interest.
H. W. LILLY, President,
A. A. McKETHAN, Vice Prest.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C.

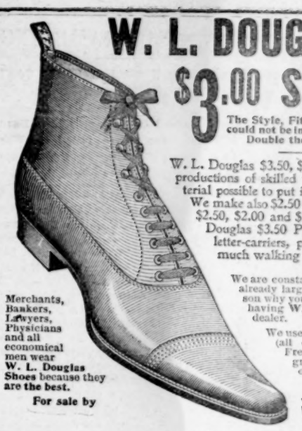
Good Whiskey is both doctor and tonic. Better looking than many doctors, better tasting than all medicines. For general family use, nothing equals whiskey and HARPER Whiskey is pre-eminently the family whiskey.

When you buy your Whiskey, ask for Harper's.

SOLD IN
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DEAD STUCK FOR BUGS
Kills Roaches, Fleas, Moths and Bedbugs. Non-poisonous; won't stain. Large bottles, 15 druggists and grocers, 25 cents.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE



The Style, Fit and Wear could not be improved for Double the Price.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices. We make also $2.50 and $2.25 shoes for men, and $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys, and the W. L. Douglas $3.50 Police shoe, very suitable for letter-carriers, policemen and others having much walking to do.

We are constantly adding new styles to our already large variety, and there is no reason why you cannot be suited, so insist on having W. L. Douglas Shoes from your dealer.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.

If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

Merchants, Bankers, Lawyers, Physicians and all economical men wear W. L. Douglas Shoes because they are the best.

For sale by

Hollingsworth & Holland, Agents.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

MIKE FOLB'S STOCK.

A Full and Complete Line of Desirable GOODS,

$25,000

—WORTH OF—

CLOTHING. SHOES AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Stock Unbroken and Complete.

THIS IS THE BEST STOCK OF CLOTHING EVER THROWN ON THE MARKET.

Now this is no advertising FAKE. Go they will, at some price.

SELL, IS THE COMMAND

Every Article Will Be Sold.

Come early and make your selection before the stock is broken.

B. R. TAYLOR,
Assignee.

—THE—
Enterprise Land and Improvement Co.

Notice is hereby given that the Books of the Enterprise Land and Improvement Company for subscription to the Capitol Stock of the said Company will open at the Office of J. C. & S. H. MacRae in Fayetteville, and Alex. Sessoms at Glenecho, on and after August 5, 1897.

A. SESSOMS,
Secretary.

Execution Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Court.

By virtue of two executions, one from the Superior Court of Mecklenburg county in an action entitled J. D. Church, vs A. M. McBryde, and one from the Superior Court of Cumberland county in an action entitled Eli B. Hallowell & Co., vs. A. M. McBryde, directed to the undersigned from said Courts, I will, on Monday, the 6th day of September, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in Cumberland county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said executions, all the right, title, claim and interest which the said A. M. McBryde has in his undivided interest in the real estate of D. D. McBryde, deceased, as an heir at law of the said D. D. McBryde.

McD. GEDDIE, Sheriff.
August 2, 1897. aow-4t

Marble and Granite
Monuments - and - Headstones!

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

Monuments
—AND—
Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

SECOND TO NONE

in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works.

Under the Dispensary Act.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has opened a fresh stock of

Heavy and Fancy Groceries

at his old stand, Person Street, and most respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public generally.

TOBACCO
CHEAPER THAN EVER.
Half-Pound Plugs for 10 Cents.

dt&f—w2t W. EVANS.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
OFFICE FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 44 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn.

Papers For Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 15 cents per hundred.

E. L. CLARK'S
Headquarters for
BACON, FLOUR, SALT,
AND EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST-CLASS
Family Supply House.
Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes and Clothing.
RESTAURANT ON SECOND FLOOR.
E. L. CLARK,
9-27-94 tf Cor. Hay and Winslow St.

Ericsson Seaboard Line. E. S. L.

THE ONLY DAILY LINE TO THE SOUTH.

Increased Facilities Make New Business.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30, 1897.

How unjustly the lack of a daily freight service to the South has operated against the growth of Southern trade has always been apparent, and while Baltimore and New York have enjoyed this facility, Philadelphia has been lagging behind and the merchant losing business to his competitors in these cities.

The Baltimore & Philadelphia Steamboat Co.
(ERICSSON LINE),
always alive to the needs of Philadelphia and her trade, is now glad to announce that this restriction is removed, and that effective July 1st a daily freight service will be established in connection with the

Seaboard Air Line System of Railways,

to be known as the ERICSSON SEABORD LINE, for all points in the South and Southwest. Over this line will be operated a daily fast freight service, designed to accommodate the merchandise business of Philadelphia, assuring quick deliveries and low rates. The volume of business discharged daily at the terminals of the

SEABOARD AIR LINE,

at Portsbouth, Va., from all Eastern cities, makes it possible for through cars to be loaded to all principal points in the South and Southwest, which are run upon a fast freight schedule published for the information of shippers. This insures a service that is not accorded by any other line. Call or send for a fast freight schedule.

Freights received and forwarded daily at five P. M., except Sunday, from our new terminals, No. 3 South Delaware Avenue, where bills of lading will be signed, rates quoted, and all information furnished upon application.

Among the

PRINCIPAL POINTS REACHED

by this line will be:

Atlanta, Ga.	Fayetteville, N. C.
Augusta, Ga.,	Greenville, S. C.
Athens, Ga.	Knoxville, Tenn.
Anniston, Ala.	Macon, Ga.
Albany, Ga.	Meridian, Miss.
Americus Ga.	New Orleans, La.
Birmingham, Ala.	Opelika, Ala.
Columbia, S. C.	Raleigh, N. C.
Columbus, Ga.	Paducah, Ky.
Charlotte, N. C.	Spartanburg, S. C.
Chattanooga, Tenn.	Winston-Salem, N.C.
Durham, N. C.	Wilmington, N. C

and all points reached by the Seaboard Air Line.

Mark your freights ERICSSON SEABOARD LINE.

F. S. GROVES, Agent.
Telephone, No. 922.

E. D. KYLE, Soliciting Freight Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.
S. S. CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 7
S. S. PAWNEE.....Saturday, Aug. 14

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.
S. S. PAWNEE.....Saturday, Aug. 7
S. S. CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 14

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.
S. S. CROATAN.....Tuesday, Aug. 10
S. S. PAWNEE.....Tuesday, Aug. 17

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C

THEO G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green N. Y.

W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
Bowling Green, N. Y.

THE ÆTNA
Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day.

Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.

Take out a policy on your property

B. R. HUSKE, Agent

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

ARE YOU **BANKRUPT** in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills
an absolute cure.

Death of Rev. W. S. Black, D. D.

A telegram sent to Rev. Dr. Nash, from Littleton, N. C., and received by him late Wednesday afternoon, made the sad announcement that Rev. Dr. W. S Black, Presiding Elder of the Warren ton District, M. E. Church, South, died at Littleton yesterday, and would be buried at Raleigh this evening.

Dr. Black was an eminent minister of the gospel, and one of the best of men. He was for several years Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum. He was a South Carolinian, and was transferred to the North Carolina Conference with the territory that was in North Carolina, and connected to the South Carolina Conference He was about sixty years old, and a robust man. We have no particulars of the cause of his death. He was known and loved all over North Carolina. His church, and the State has lost a faithful servant.

At the Opera House.

Wednesday night a large house greeted the third rendition of "Jephthah and His Daughter" by our splendid Fayetteville Amateur Troupe, and were, of course, delighted. It seems that our Fayetteville people do not weary of it, while many of the strangers remarked that the setting and the acting of the piece would do credit to professionals in a large city.

The music by Remsberg's orchestra, assisted by Mrs. W. A. Robeson at the piano and by Prof. Brockman, the celebrated violinist, of Greensboro, was greatly enjoyed. Prof. Brockman's solo was a gem.

To-night "David the Shepherd Boy," our Amateurs' companion-piece, will be presented.

The Land of the Sky.

Mr. West informs us that his excursion to Asheville is a strictly first class excursion, and will be patronized by the best people of all sections of North Carolina. The rate from Fayetteville to Asheville, N. C., and return is only $6 60. Passengers will leave Fayetteville on the 17th at 3 45 p. m., and on arriving at Greensboro, spend the night, leaving for Asheville on the morning of the 18th. Returning will arrive at Greensboro at 1 p. m., the 21st. Tickets will be good until the 22nd, giving ample time for all passengers to reach their destination.

Crescent

We meet the public demand for a high-grade wheel at the right price

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS
CHICAGO—NEW YORK
Catalogue free. Agents everywhere.

From Far-Off Dakota.

Mrs. Thos. A. Hall is on a visit to her family and friends. She has been for several years in the Government Hospital for the Indians in South Dakota. She will meet the Woman's Auxiliary of St. John's in the Parish House on Friday afternoon at six o'clock, and give them a little talk about her work among these interesting people. The Woman's Auxiliary feel a special interest in this work, and through Mrs. Hall's influence have contributed a box of needful articles to them.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50c.

Guaranteed and for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS')
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

THE SIN OF GAMBLING

DR. TALMAGE SAYS IT IS OF CART ROPE STRENGTH.

Once the Habit Is Contracted It Is Hard to Break Away—There Is but One Way to Be Cured and That Is by the Grace of God—Hope For the Prodigal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Dr. Talmage in his sermon depicts the insidious modes by which evil habit gains supremacy and shows how splendid men are cheated into ruin. Text, Isiah v, 18, "Woe unto them that sin, as it were with a cart rope."

There are some iniquities that only nibble at the heart. After a lifetime of their work the man still stands upright, respected and honored. These vermin have not strength enough to gnaw through a man's character. But there are other transgressions that lift themselves up to gigantic proportions and seize hold of a man and bind him with thongs forever. There are some iniquities that have such great emphasis of evil that he who commits them may be said to sin as with a cart rope. I suppose you know how they make a great rope. The stuff out of which it is fashioned is nothing but tow which you pull apart without any exertion of your fingers. This is spun into threads, any of which you could easily snap, but a great many of these threads are interwound—then you have a rope strong enough to bind an ox or hold a ship in a tempest.

I speak to you of the sin of gambling. A cart rope in strength is that sin, and yet I wish more especially to draw your attention to the small threads of influence out of which that mighty iniquity is twisted. This crime is on the advance, so that it is well not only that fathers and brothers and sons be interested in such a discussion, but that wives and mothers and sisters and daughters look out lest their present home be sacrificed or their intended home be blasted. No man, no woman, can stand aloof from such a subject as this and say, "It has no practical bearing upon my life," for there may be in a short time in your history an experience in which you will find that the discussion involved three worlds—earth, heaven, hell. There are gambling establishments by the thousands.

Thousands of Gamblers.

There are about 5,500 professional gamblers. Out of all the gambling establishments how many of them do you suppose profess to be honest? Ten—these ten professing to be honest because they are merely the antechamber to those that are acknowledged fraudulent. There are first class establishments. You step a little way out of Broadway, New York. You go up the marble stairs. You ring the bell. The liveried servant introduces you. The walls are lavender tinted. The mantels are of Vermont marble. The pictures are "Jephthah's Daughter" and Dore's "Dante" and Virgil's "Frozen Region of Hell," a most appropriate selection, this last, for the place. There is the roulette table, the finest, costliest, most exquisite piece of furniture in the United States. There is the banqueting room, where, free of charge to the guests, you may find the plate and viands and wines and cigars sumptuous beyond parallel. Then you come to the second class gambling establishment. To it you are introduced by a card through some "roper in." Having entered, you must either gamble or fight. Sanded cards, dice loaded with quicksilver, poor drinks mixed with more poor drinks will soon help you to get rid of all your money to a tune in short meter with staccato passages. You wanted to see. You saw. The low villains of that place watch you as you come in. Does not the panther, squat in the grass, know a calf when she sees it? Wrangle not for your rights in that place, or your body will be thrown bloody into the street or dead into the river.

An Appropriate Door.

You go along a little farther and find the policy establishment. In that place you bet on numbers. Betting on two numbers is called a "saddle"; betting on three numbers is called a "gig;" betting on four numbers is called a "horse," and there are thousands of our young men leaping into that "saddle" and mounting that "gig" and behind that "horse" riding to perdition. There is always one kind of sign on the door, "Exchange," a most appropriate title for the door, for there in that room a man exchanges health, peace and heaven for loss of health, loss of home, loss of family, loss of immortal soul. Exchange sure enough and infinite enough.

Now you acknowledge that is a cart-rope of evil, but you want to know what are the small threads out of which it is made. There is in many a disposition to hazard. They feel a delight in walking near a precipice because of the sense of danger. There are people who go upon Jungfran, not for the largeness of the prospect, but for the feeling that they have of thinking, "What would happen if I should fall off?" There are persons who have their blood filliped and accelerated by skating very near an airhole. There are men who find a positive delight in driving within two inches of the edge of a bridge. It is this disposition to hazard that finds development in gaming practices. Here are $500. I may stake them. If I stake them, I may lose them, but I may win $5,000. Whichever way it turns I have the excitement. Shuffle the cards. Lost! Heart thumps. Head dizzy. At it again—just to gratify this desire for hazard.

The Desire For Gain.

Then there are others who go into this sin through sheer desire for gain. It is especially so with professional gamblers. They always keep cool. They never drink enough to unbalance their judgment. They do not see the dice so much as they see the dollar beyond the dice, and for that they watch as the spider in the web, looking as if dead until the fly passes. Thousands of young men in the hope of gain go into these practices. They say: "Well, my salary is not enough to allow this luxury. I don't get enough from my store, office or shop. I ought to have finer apartments. I ought to have better wines. I ought to have more richly flavored cigars. I ought to be able to entertain my friends more expensively. I won't stand this any longer. I can with one brilliant stroke make a fortune. Now, here goes, principle or no principle, heaven or hell. Who cares?"

When a young man makes up his mind to live beyond his income, satan has bought him out and out, and it is only a question of time when the goods are to be delivered. The thing is done. You may plant in the way all the batteries of truth and righteousness; that man is bound to go on. When a man makes $1,000 a year and spends $1,200, when a young man makes $1,500 and spends $1,700, all the harpies of darkness cry out, "Ha! ha! we have him!" And they have. How to get the extra $500 or the extra $2,000 is the question. He says: "Here is my friend who started out the other day with but little money, and in one night, so great was his luck, he rolled up hundreds and thousands of dollars. If he got it, why not I? It is such dull work, this adding up of long lines of figures in the counting house, this pulling down of a hundred yards of goods and selling a remnant, this always waiting upon somebody else when I could put $100 on the ace and pick up $1,000."

An Insidious Sin.

This sin works very insidiously. Other sins sound the drum, and flaunt the flag, and gather their recruits with wild huzza, but this marches its procession of pale victims in dead of night, in silence, and when they drop into the grave there is not so much sound as the click of a dice. Oh, how many have gone down under it! Look at those men who were once highly prospered. Now their forehead is licked by a tongue of flame that will never go out. In their souls are plunged the beaks which will never be lifted. Swing open the door of that man's heart and you see a coil of adders wriggling their indescribable horror until you turn away and hide your face and ask God to help you to forget it. The most of this evil is unadvertised. The community does not hear of it. Men defrauded in gaming establishments are not fools enough to tell of it. Once in awhile, however, there is an exposure, as when in Boston the police swooped upon a gaming establishment and found in it the representatives of all classes of citizens, from the first merchants on State street to the low Ann street gambler; as when Bullock, the cashier of the Central Railroad of Georgia, was found to have stolen $103,000 for the purpose of carrying on gaming practices; as when a young man in one of the savings banks of Brooklyn many years ago was found to have stolen $40,000 to carry on gaming practices; as when a man connected with a Wall street insurance company was found to have stolen $108,000 to carry on his gaming practices. But that is exceptional.

The Last Dollar.

Generally the money leaks silently from the merchant's till into the gamester's wallet. I believe that one of the main pipes leading to this sewer of iniquity is the excitement of business life. Is it not a significant fact that the majority of the day gambling houses in New York are in proximity to Wall street? Men go into the excitement of stock gambling, and from that they plunge into the gambling houses, as, when men are intoxicated, they go into a liquor saloon to get more drink. The agitation that is witnessed in the stock market when the chair announced the word "Northwestern," or "Fort Wayne," or "Rock Island," or "New York Central," and the rat, tat, tat, of the auctioneer's hammer, and the excitement of making "corners," and getting up "pools," and "carrying stock," and a "break" from 80 to 70, and the excitement of rushing around in curbstone brokerage, and the sudden cries of "Buyer three!" "Buyer ten!" "Take 'em!" "How many?" and the making or losing of $10,000 by one operation, unfits a man to go home, and so he goes up the flight of stairs, amid business offices, to the darkly curtained, wooden shuttered room, gayly furnished inside, and takes his place at the roulette or the faro table. But I cannot tell all the process by which men get into this evil. A man went to New York. He was a western merchant. He went into a gaming house on Park place. Before morning he had lost all his money save $1, and he moved around about with that dollar in his hand, and after awhile, caught still more powerfully under the infernal infatuation, he came up and put down the dollar and cried out until they heard him through the saloon, "One thousand miles from home, and my last dollar on the gaming table."

Lost Property and Souls.

Many years ago for sermonic purposes and in company with the chief of police of New York I visited one of the most brilliant gambling houses in that city. It was night, and as we came up in front all seemed dark. The blinds were down, the door was guarded, but after a whispering of the officer with the guard at the door we were admitted into the hall, and thence into the parlors, around one table finding eight or ten men in midlife, well dressed—all the work going on in silence, save the noise of the rattling "chips" on the gaming table in one parlor and the revolving ball of the roulette table in the other parlor. Some of these men, we were told, had served terms in prison, some were shipwrecked bankers and brokers and money dealers, and some were going their first rounds of vice—but all intent upon the table, as large or small fortunes moved up and down before them. Oh, there was something awfully solemn in the silence—the intense gaze, the suppressed emotions of the players. No one looked up. They all had money in the rapids, and I have no doubt some saw, as they sat there, horses and carriages, and houses and lands, and home and family rushing down into the vortex. A man's life would not have been worth a farthing in that presence had he not been accompanied by the police, if he had been supposed to be on a Christian errand of observation. Some of these men went by private key, some went in by careful introduction, some were taken in by the patrons of the establishment. The officer of the law told me, "None gets in here except by police mandate or by some letter of a patron." While we were there a young man came in, put his money down on the roulette table and lost; put more money down on the roulette table and lost; put more money down on the roulette table and lost; then feeling in his pockets for more money, finding none, in severe silence he turned his back upon the scene and passed out. While we stood there men lost their property and lost their souls. Oh, merciless place! Not once in all the history of that gaming house has there been one word of sympathy uttered for the losers at the game.

Sir Horace Walpole said that a man dropped dead in one of the clubhouses of London. His body was carried into the clubhouse, and the members of the club began immediately to bet as to whether he were dead or alive, and when it was proposed to test the matter by bleeding him, it was only hindered by the suggestion that it would be unfair to some of the players. In these gaming houses of our cities men have their property wrung away from them, and then they go out, some of them to drown their grief in strong drink, some to ply the counterfeiter's pen, and so restore their fortunes, some resort to the suicide's revolver, but all going down, and that work proceeds day by day and night by night. "That cart rope," says some young man, "has never been wound around my soul." But have not some threads of that cart rope been twisted?

Our Enterprises Arraigned.

I arraign before God the gift enterprises of our cities, which have a tendency to make this a nation of gamblers. Whatever you get, young man, in such a place as that, without giving a proper equivalent, is a robbery of your own soul and a robbery of the community. Yet how we are appalled to see men who have failed in other enterprises go into gift concerts, where the chief attraction is not music, but the prizes distributed among the audience, or to sell books where the chief attraction is not the book, but the package that goes with the book. Tobacco dealers advertise that on a certain day they will put money into their papers, so that the purchaser of this tobacco in Cincinnati or New York may unexpectedly come upon a magnificent gratuity. Boys hawking through the cars packages containing nobody knows what, until you open them and find they contain nothing. Christian men with pictures on their wall gotten in a lottery, and the brain of community taxed to find out some new way of getting things without paying for them. Oh, young men, these are the threads that make the cart rope, and when a young man consents to these practices he is being bound hand and foot by a habit which has already destroyed "a great multitude that no man can number."

Sometimes these gift enterprises are carried on in the name of charity, and some of you remember at the close of our civil war how many gift enterprises were on foot, the proceeds to go to the orphans and widows of the soldiers and sailors. What did the men who had charge of those gift enterprises care for the orphans and widows? Why, they would have allowed them to freeze to death upon their steps. I have no faith in a charity which for the sake of relieving present suffering opens a gaping jaw that has swallowed down so much of the virtue and good principle of the community. Young man, have nothing to do with these things. They only sharpen your appetite for games of chance. Do one of two things—be honest or die.

Where Safety Lies.

I have accomplished my object if I put you on the lookout. It is a great deal easier to fall than it is to get up again. The trouble is that when men begin to go astray from the path of duty they are apt to say, "There's no use of my trying to get back. I've sacrificed my respectability, I can't return." And they go on until they are utterly destroyed. I tell you, my friends, that God this moment, by his Holy Spirit, can change your entire nature so that you will be a different man in a minute. Your great want—what is it? More salary? Higher social position? No, no. I will tell you the great want of every man if he has not already obtained it. It is the grace of God. Are there any who have fallen victims to the sin that I have been reprehending? You are in a prison. You rush against the wall of this prison and try to get out and you fail, and you turn around and dash against the other wall until there is blood on the grates and blood on your soul. You will never get out in this way. There is only one way of getting out. There is a key that can unlock that prison house. It is the key of the house of David. It is the key that Christ wears at his girdle. If you will allow him to put that key to the lock, the bolt will shoot back, and the door will swing open, and you will be a free man in Christ Jesus. Oh, prodigal, what a business this is for you, feeding swine, when your father stands in the front door, straining his eyesight to catch the first glimpse of your return, and the calf is as fat as it will be, and the harps of heaven are all strung, and the feet free.

There are converted gamblers in heaven. The light of eternity flashed upon the green baize of their billiard saloon. In the lavers of God's forgiveness they washed off all their sin. They quit trying for earthly stakes. They tried for heaven and won it. There stretches a hand from heaven toward the head of the worst offender. It is a hand, not clinched as if to smite, but outspread as if to drop a benediction. Other seas have a shore and may be fathomed, but the sea of God's love—eternity has no plummet to strike the bottom, and immensity no ironbound shore to confine it. Its tides are lifted by the heart of infinite compassion. Its waves are the hosannas of the redeemed. The argosies that sail on it drop anchor at last amid the thundering salvo of eternal victory. But alas for that man who sits down to the final game of life and puts his immortal soul on the ace, while the angels of God keep the tally board, and after kings and queens, and knaves, and spades are "shuffled" and "cut," and the game is ended, hovering and impending worlds discover that he has lost it, the faro bank of eternal darkness clutching down into its wallet all the blood stained wagers.

Stove That Gives Out Cold.

Professor William M. Watts of Still Pond has a novelty in the form of a cold stove. The stove is for use in the heated months of summer for reducing temperature, just as stoves heated by fire are used to raise the temperature in winter. By the use of salt, a small quantity of ice and a patented chemical the most intense degree of cold is secured. So great is the cold that it is as dangerous to touch this cold stove when in operation as it would be to place the hand on a fire stove at a high degree of heat. The skin is instantly taken off, and painful injuries are the result of the slightest contact. Professor Watts states that during the hottest weather the temperature of a room may be run down and made pleasant by the use of this novel device. The new process was discovered by a college mate of the teacher of the Still Pond school. The cost of operating the stove is very slight. —Chestertown Transcript.

The King of Siam In Ceylon.

A curious story reaches us from Ceylon in connection with the king of Siam's recent visit. His majesty, with all the devotion of a pious Buddhist, expressed a desire to see the tooth relic in the Dalada Maligawa temple, in Kandy. A royal reception was accorded him. The king said his prayers, and the priests went into ecstasies over his presents of robes and jewels. Everything went well until his majesty asked to be allowed to handle the precious relic. This the high priest politely but firmly declined. Royalty might look, but royalty mightn't touch. Royalty thereupon returned to his carriage in a huff, and his presents with him, to the no little confusion of the overzealous Ummuse. Considering that the sacred tooth was taken to Ceylon in a lady's hair, surely a king might touch it.—Westminster Gazette.

A Seaside Romance.

They were sitting on the sands side by side, looking out over the ocean.

"How peaceful it looks!" said he.

"Yes," said she, "but how very wet!"

"True," he observed, "and yet how calm and restful it appears! With you by my side I could sail on forever."

"Yes?" she queried.

"Yes," he affirmed, "forever. Will you, dearest?"

"On one condition," she replied. "I am a cautious girl, and I do not wish to be overhasty. But I will let you make the test, and when the test is made and you say it is successful I will go with you."

"And that test, love?" he cried.

"You take a boat and sail on forever, and after you have sailed on forever tell me how it works," she answered.

And she left him meditating.—Harper's Bazar.

Dry In Kansas.

Here is a drought story told by a traveling man: I was driving across the country to a little town in western Kansas the other day, when I met a farmer hauling a wagon load of water.

"Where do you get water?" said I.

"Up the road about seven miles," he replied.

"And you haul water seven miles for your family and stock?"

"Yep."

"Why, in the name of sense, don't you dig a well?"

"Because it's jest as far one way as the other, stranger."—Kansas City Journal.

The Missing Link.

Professor Wortmann, a German investigator, has found living bacteria in wine which has been bottled from 25 to 30 years, and the microscope has revealed the danger of osculation. Now if somebody would only discover a musical microbe the ban of science will have been put upon "Wein, Weib und Gesang," all three.—Providence Journal.

Cardinal Antonelli's Will.

Cardinal Antonelli's will bequeathed 25 francs to the Hospital of the Holy Ghost in Rome and a similar sum to the holy places at Jerusalem. Such small bequests by a rich prelate excited remark. But it was found that by an old Roman law no will was valid unless it contained these two legacies, the minimum sum being 5 francs. At Genoa a similar bequest had to be made to the Hospital of Pozzuatione, and at Turin to that of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus, the object being in all cases the support of these institutions. Antonelli, dying at the Vatican, conformed

Itching, Burning, Eczema

Is the external indication of a condition of the blood which produces a fiery irritation almost unbearable. It is a mistake to think that this local irritation is the disease itself—it is simply an evidence of a disordered condition of the blood. The seat of the disease is in the blood, and this is why the various salves and ointments usually applied have no effect whatever. They cannot possibly reach the origin of the trouble; only a blood remedy can do that. S. S. S. is without an equal for blood diseases, and promptly and permanently cures Eczema and removes all taint.

Much torture could be avoided if the first itching symptoms were heeded and a course of S.S.S. taken promptly, as apparently insignificant skin irritations usually develop into the worst form of Eczema unless properly treated.

It matters not what other treatment has been tried in vain, S. S. S. always gets at the seat of the disease, and forces it out.

Mr. William Armstrong, an old resident and highly respected citizen of De Pere, Wis., writes on April 1st, 1896.

MR. WILLIAM ARMSTONG.

"I have been a sufferer for eight years with that horrible disease, Eczema, at times all over my body, and no person can describe the burning and itching I had to endure.

"The extent of my sufferings can be appreciated when I state that my condition was such that I could not take my bed, and for three months I never laid down, but was compelled to sit in my chair when not moving around. I was treated by the best of physicians with no success, and tried all the patent medicines recommended for Eczema, without any good results. I then went to the Indiana Mud baths, with the same results, and then to Mt. Clements, the celebrated medical resort, where the treatment partially helped me, but the disease shortly returned. I went to Florida, thinking that a change of climate and water and the citron fruit might cure me, but found no cure.

"I then tried S.S.S. and after three days the burning and itching subsided, and I continued to improve steadily until I was well—entirely cured. After commencing S. S. S. I never put an external application to my limbs or any part of my body. You may refer to me any person suffering from Eczema. I will always keep the S. S. S. in my house, for I consider it the best blood medicine of the present age. I am seventy years of age and am now in perfect health."

For real blood diseases relief can only be obtained by using a real blood remedy. So many people who are sufferers from an obstinate or deep-seated blood disease make the mistake of taking remedies which at best are only tonics and cannot possibly reach their trouble. It is in just such cases which other so-called blood remedies cannot reach that S.S.S. has made some of the most wonderful cures.

S. S. S. cures permanently Cancer, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Eczema, Tetter, Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, and all other diseases having their origin in the blood. It is a

A Real Blood Remedy.

and gets at the seat of disease and forces it out promptly even after other so-called blood remedies have failed. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable.

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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
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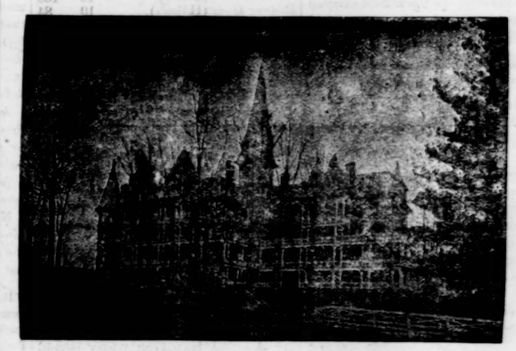

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Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897

TRAINS LEAVE FAYETTEVILLE.

1:15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Wilmington 4 p m, Ocean View 6:00 p m, Carolina Beach 6.20 p m.

3:45 P. M., Daily. Arrives Sanford 5:05 p m, Ore Hill 5:22 p m, Greensboro 7:30 p m, Walnut Cove 9:05 p m, Mt. Airy 10:00 p m. Connects at Greensboro with Southern Railway at Greensboro arriving Salisbury 8:00 p m, Statesville 9:22 a m, Knoxville 4:40 p m, Chattanooga 7:40 p m, Bristol 4:55 p m, Abingdon 2:35 p m, Charlotte 8:00 p m, Atlanta 6 0 a m Danville 8:00 p m, Lynchburg 5:38 a m, Charlottesville 7:50 a m, Washington 6:42 a m, Baltimore 8:50 a m, Philadelphia 0:15 a m, New York 12:43 p m.

4:45 P. M., Daily. Arrives Hope Mills 5:07 p m, Red Springs 5:42 p m, Maxton 6:11 p m, Rennersville 6:30 p m Charlotte 0:3 p m.

TRAINS ARRIVE FAYETTEVILLE.

10:50 A. M., Daily. Leaving Bennettsville 8:30 a m Charlotte 2:0 a m Maxton 9:07 a m Red Springs 9:35 a m Hope Mills 10:26 a m.

12:45 P. M., Daily From New York Philadelphia Baltimore Washington Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy Walnut Cove Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga Knoxville Asheville Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and points North South and West.

3:35 P. M., Daily. Leaving Ocean View 7:30 a m, Carolina Beach 7:00 a m

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass Agent.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No 53, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No 41, Daily.	No 37, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	9 43		
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 52	10 35		
Leave Tarboro	12 12	.....		
Lv Rocky Mt.	12 52	10 35		5 45
Leave Wilson	2 06	11 46		6 29
Leave Selma	3 00	.....		
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14		
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25		
	P. M.	A. M.		
Lv Goldsboro	.....	.....		7 00
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....		8 05
Ar Wilmington	.....	.....		9 30
				A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 38, Daily.	No 32, Daily.	No 40, Daily.	No 36, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	5 15		
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	10 20		
Leave Selma	1 00			
Arrive Wilson	1 42	12 10		
				P. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15
Lv Magnolia				5 55
Lv Goldsboro				6 50
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	1 42		12 15	11 20
Ar Rocky Mt.	2 33		12 53	11 57
Leave Tarboro	12 12			
Lv Rocky Mt.	2 33		12 53	
Arrive Weldon	3 39		1 44	
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch leaves Weldon 4:10 P M, Halifax 4:28 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M. Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning leaves Kinston 7 59 A M., Greenville 8:32 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11:3 A M., daily except Sunday

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 1 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 2:40 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:0 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:05 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:0 P M Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:30 A M and Sundays 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arrives Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:5 P M. Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8 20 A M, and 4:10 P M Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 11:30 P M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina railroad for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent,
J. R KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manager.

The Tennessee Centennial Exposition

OPENS AT NASHVILLE MAY 1st,
AND CLOSES OCTOBER 30th, 1897

FOR THIS OCCASION THE

SEABOARD AIR LINE

WILL SELL

EXCURSION TICKETS

At VERY REDUCED RATES, the following being total rates from points named:

		A.	B.	C.
Charlotte	N. C.	$24.60	$18.05	$12.75
Cheraw	S. C.	26.25	19.25	13.80
Durham	N. C.	26.25	19.25	14.00
Hamlet	"	26.25	19.25	14.00
Henderson	"	26 25	19.25	14.00
Lincolnton	"	24 60	18.05	12.75
Lewiston	"	27 0	19.80	14.00
Louisburg	"	29.25	19.25	14.40
Maxton	"	26.25	19.25	14.00
Monroe	"	24.60	18.05	12.75
Pittsboro	"	27.00	19.80	14.25
Raleigh	"	26.25	19.25	14.00
Rutherfordton	"	24.6	18.10	12.75
Sanford	"	26.25	19.25	14.00
Shelby	"	24.60	18.05	12.75
Wadesboro	"	25.95	19.05	13.80
Weldon	"	26.25	19.25	14.00
Wilmington	"	26.25	19.25	14.00

Class A. Tickets sold daily April 25th to October 15th. Final limit November 7th.

Class B. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit twenty (20) days from date of sale.

Class C. Tickets sold Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week. April 20th to October 26th. Final limit ten (10) days from date of sale.

THROUGH SERVICE between all points on the

SEABOARD AIR LINE
—TO—
NASHVILLE.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS PLEEPING

Run through without change.

For further information as to rates, schedules, train service, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address

H. S. LEARD, S. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
S. S. BATCHELOR, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
T. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
GEO. McP. BATTE, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C
B A NEWLAND, Gen'l Agent, Passenger Department, Atlanta, Ga.

E. ST. JOHN,
V. P. and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, T. J. ANDERSON,
Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass'r. Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH VA